

UNITED NATIONS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME



# FUNDING COMPENDIUM 2023



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# FOREWORD

The world is grappling with a sustainable development crisis, primarily driven by financing challenges. Current estimates indicate that developing countries require an additional \$4 trillion annually in investments, marking a 50% rise from pre-pandemic levels. Many of these countries either lack access to affordable financing or are experiencing debt distress. While official development assistance (ODA) reached a new high in 2023 with increases primarily due to aid for Ukraine and humanitarian aid, ODA flows to least developed and low-income countries fell.

Proliferating conflicts, geopolitical tensions, climate change, and economic uncertainty have resulted in rising inequalities undermining years' worth of hard-earned development gains. UNDP's most recent Human Development Report reveals that more than a quarter of countries, mostly the poorest, have regressed to pre-2019 levels in development terms. Our Future Trends report cites that rising inequalities are fuelling discontent, diminishing trust in public institutions and increasing polarization.

The dedicated support of our funding partners in 2023 allowed UNDP to continue delivering significant results, effectively and at scale. Annual contributions increased by 1 per cent to \$5.0 billion from \$4.9 billion in 2022. By efficiently utilizing the scarce resources entrusted to us by our partners, UNDP delivered \$4.8 billion in programme expenses, meeting 95 per cent of its planned programmatic targets for the year. However, core resources decreased by 4 per cent and its share of total funding fell to 11 per cent, moving farther away from the funding compact target. This persistent decline in core resources is not sustainable and presents an opportunity cost for UNDP, limiting its ability to scale up results, innovate, modernize and better manage risk.

We sincerely thank our partners who continue to invest in UNDP, especially our core contributors, including the ten who bucked the trend and increased their core contributions in 2023. Through our #PartnersAtCore campaign, we strive to provide adequate visibility for our core donors at global and local levels and strengthen the case for flexible funding. Being the most flexible, core resources are crucial for immediate crisis response, enabling UNDP to provide clean water, waste management and medical supplies in Gaza and reach over 700,000 individuals with basic needs and livelihood support after the cyclone in Myanmar. Through our Climate Promise, UNDP has supported over 125 countries to develop and implement bold climate pledges to increase their resilience to climate impacts.

As we look ahead, we know the funding landscape remains highly uncertain. We also know that UNDP's ability to meet its Strategic Plan objectives depends on a sustainable funding base, particularly core resources. While UNDP will continue to perform at the highest possible levels of effectiveness, efficiency and accountability, there is a real risk of missing the ambition of the Strategic Plan and the chance to fully capitalize on progress made through integrated responses to crisis and development.

It is with urgency that I call on our partners to protect their investment in UNDP, refrain from cutting their core contributions, and avoid redirecting ODA away from global human development. Investing in development and the institutions that provide development solutions to countries and people, is important now more than ever. The Funding Compact 2.0 represents a renewed and collaborative commitment by Member States and the United Nations Sustainable Development Group to secure predictable and flexible funding for advancing the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

Let us join forces in expediting progress on the SDGs and fulfilling the development promise.

**Ulrika Mod  r**  
Assistant Secretary-General  
and Assistant Administrator  
Bureau of External Relations  
and Advocacy

# EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Funding Compendium presents the annual contributions received by UNDP from its funding partners, through a variety of channels including Regular (core) Resources and Other Resources, which range in earmarking from softly earmarked thematic funds to tightly earmarked funds for specific programmes or projects.

At the midpoint of its Strategic Plan 2022-2025, UNDP faces a funding environment marked by an ongoing decline in flexible and predictable funding. While UNDP continues to enjoy dedicated support from its partners, the decline in flexible and predictable funding presents a real opportunity cost for UNDP, constraining its potential to scale up results, innovate, respond with agility, and manage risk better. Total annual contributions received in 2023 amounted to \$5.0 billion, including \$566 million in regular resources, which decreased by 4 per cent compared to 2022. The proportion of regular resources fell to 11 per cent of total resources, moving further away from the funding compact target of 30 per cent.

Despite record lows in regular resources funding, UNDP continued to demonstrate that it has become more efficient and effective, and the midterm review of the strategic plan found that UNDP is on track to meet its objectives. However, the situation is not sustainable. If funding trajectories continue to decline, a breaking point will come posing a huge risk to achieving the strategic plan objectives and expediting progress on the Sustainable Development Goals.

## TOTAL ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS<sup>1</sup> TO UNDP.

Annual contributions increased by 1 per cent to \$5.0 billion in 2023, from \$4.9 billion in 2022. Of this total, \$2.0 billion or 39 per cent was from donor country governments, \$1.8 billion or 36 per cent was from multilateral partners, and \$1.2 billion or 25 per cent was from programme country governments.

## REGULAR RESOURCES.

Annual contributions to regular resources decreased by 4 per cent to \$566 million, from \$591 million in 2022. The proportion of regular resources declined to 11 per cent of total annual contributions. Multi-year commitments amounted to \$175 million, or 31 per cent of regular resources contributions, down from 33 per cent in 2022.

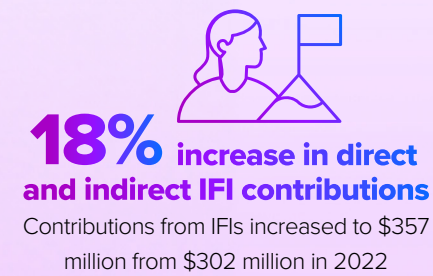
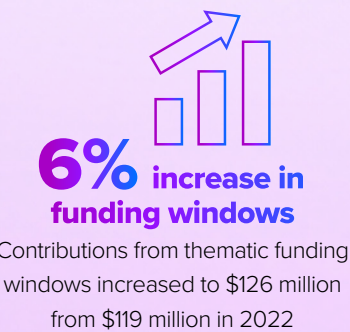
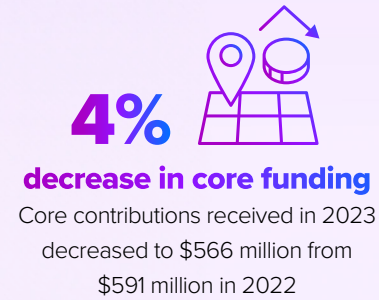
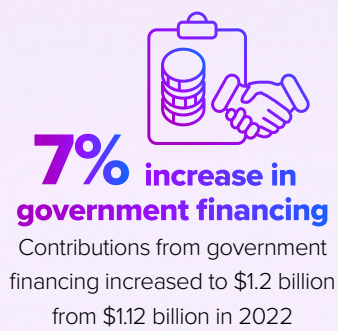
## OTHER RESOURCES.

Annual contributions to other resources increased by 2 per cent to \$4.4 billion from \$4.3 billion in 2022.

1 In 2019, UNDP refined its accounting policy on International Public Sector Accounting Standard (IPSAS) 23 (non-exchange) revenues. Following the policy, UNDP records the full value of funding agreements when signed, even when cash has not been received for the majority of the contribution agreements. Any uncollected cash associated with funding agreements is held as a receivable. Under the UNDP financial regulations and rules, UNDP is permitted to spend only up to the amount of cash received; hence, "annual contributions" are presented to align with the past revenue recognition policies for contributions (i.e., cash received in a reporting year, plus receivables due in a reporting year) where applicable in this document.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

## 2023



## COMMITMENT TO TRANSPARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY

### Long-standing commitment to transparency

As a member of the International Aid Transparency Initiative (IATI) since its creation in 2008, UNDP has led outreach efforts with partner countries and UN agencies to champion the aid transparency standard and make it relevant for national development planning, public financial management and mutual accountability of aid, development and humanitarian funding. UNDP ranked **7th overall and the 2nd most transparent UN agency** in the 2022 Aid Transparency Index.

UNDP's [Transparency Portal](#) allows open, comprehensive public access to data on over 4,000 UNDP projects with links to profile pages for every donor. The portal also shows UNDP's contribution to the Sustainable Development Goals and offers an online training platform on the IATI Standard open to all.

### Promoting transparency across the UN system

UNDP actively participated in defining and implementing a set of [UN data standards](#) for system-wide financial reporting.

### Publishing audit reports

UNDP has been [publishing audit reports](#) issued by the Office of Audit and Investigations since 2012, and has obtained an unqualified (clean) audit opinion from the UN Board of Auditors for **18 consecutive years**.

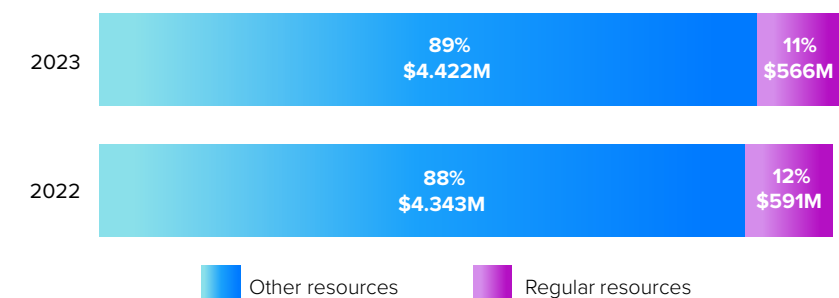
# RESOURCES BY FUNDING TYPE

## Regular and other resources, 2023

In 2023, total annual contributions to UNDP amounted to \$5.0 billion, a 1 per cent increase over \$4.9 billion received in 2022. Annual contributions to regular resources decreased by 4 per cent from \$591 million to \$566 million, while annual contributions to other resources increased by 2 per cent to \$4.4 billion from \$4.3 billion in 2022.

While UN Member States have committed, through the UN Funding Compact, to providing 30 per cent of contributions as regular resources, the proportion of regular resources to UNDP declined to 11 per cent from 12 per cent in 2022.

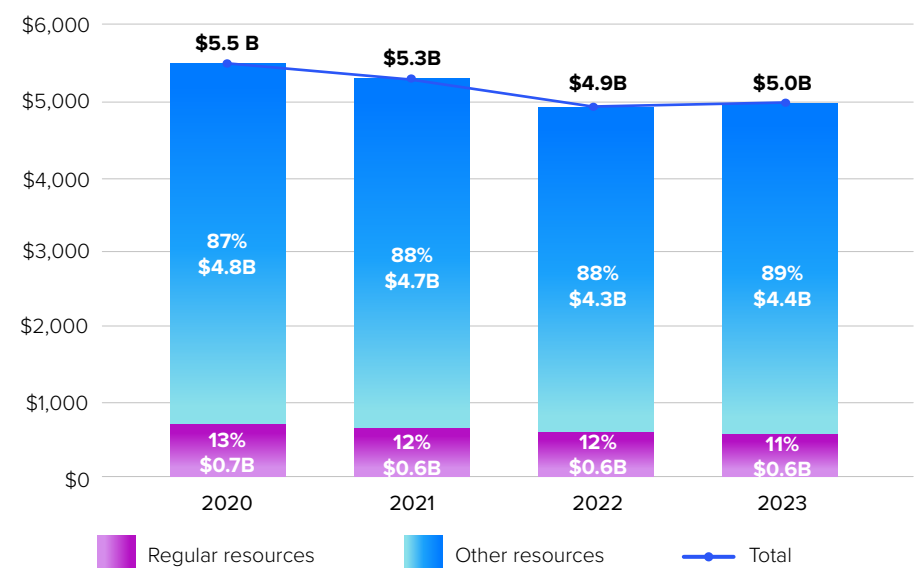
Regular resources underpin UNDP advocacy for human rights, civic space and the rule of law, and are crucial for immediate crisis responses, early recovery efforts and prevention. They are fundamental to UNDP's consistently high levels of accountability and transparency, funding oversight functions and sustaining a global operating network in over 170 countries and territories.



## Regular and other resources trend, 2020-2023

Over the period 2020-2023, UNDP's total annual contributions were highest in 2020 and 2021, owing to increased resources in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The conflict in Ukraine and lagging effects of the pandemic saw a dip in funding for UNDP in 2022, recovering slightly in 2023.

\$ in US billion



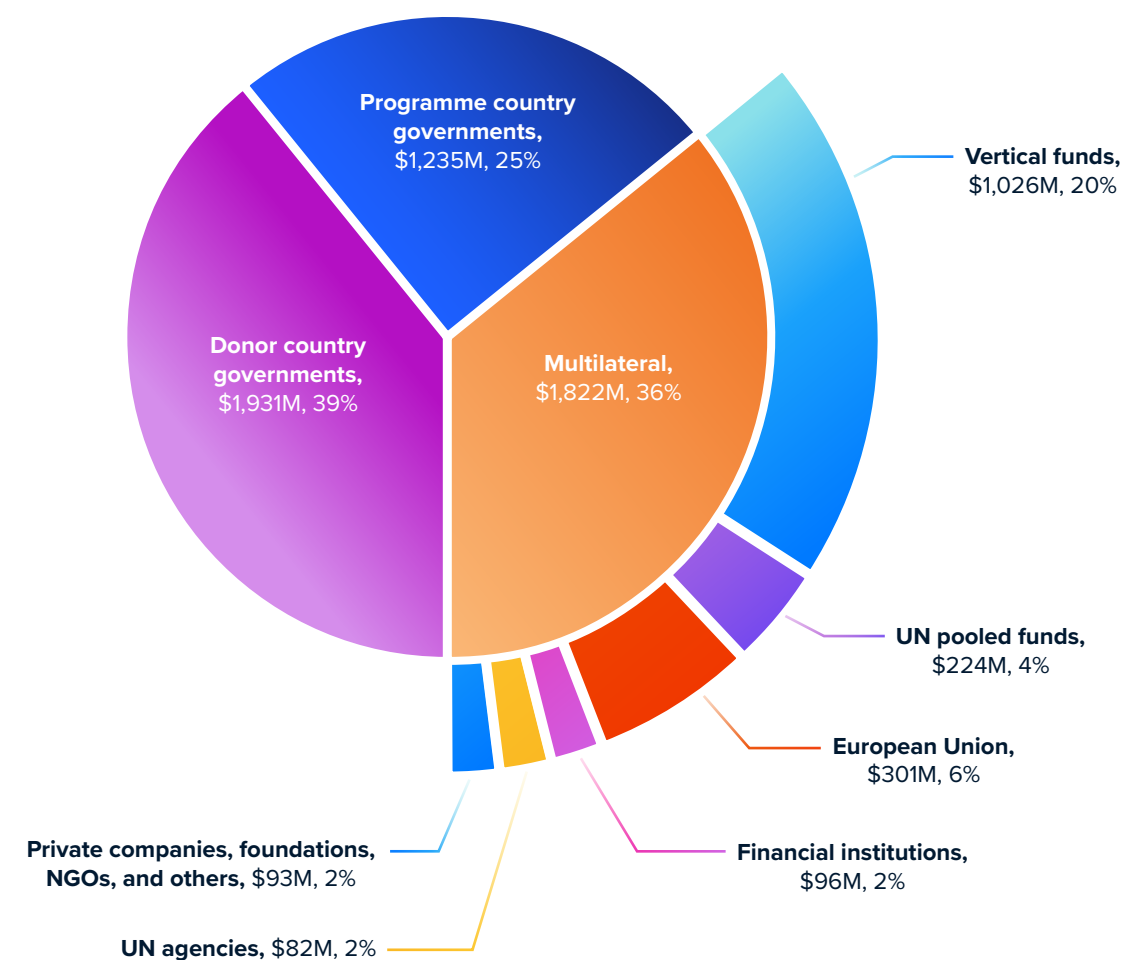
# RESOURCES BY FUNDING PARTNER

## Resources by funding partner

UNDP values all types of funding received from its partners – Member States, multilateral organizations, non-governmental entities, private and philanthropic sectors, and financing institutions - allowing it to deliver on its commitments. In 2023, UNDP received total annual contributions of \$5.0 billion. Of this, 39 per cent was contributed by donor country governments, 36 per cent by multilateral organizations, and 25 per cent by programme country governments.

## Resources by partner group, 2023

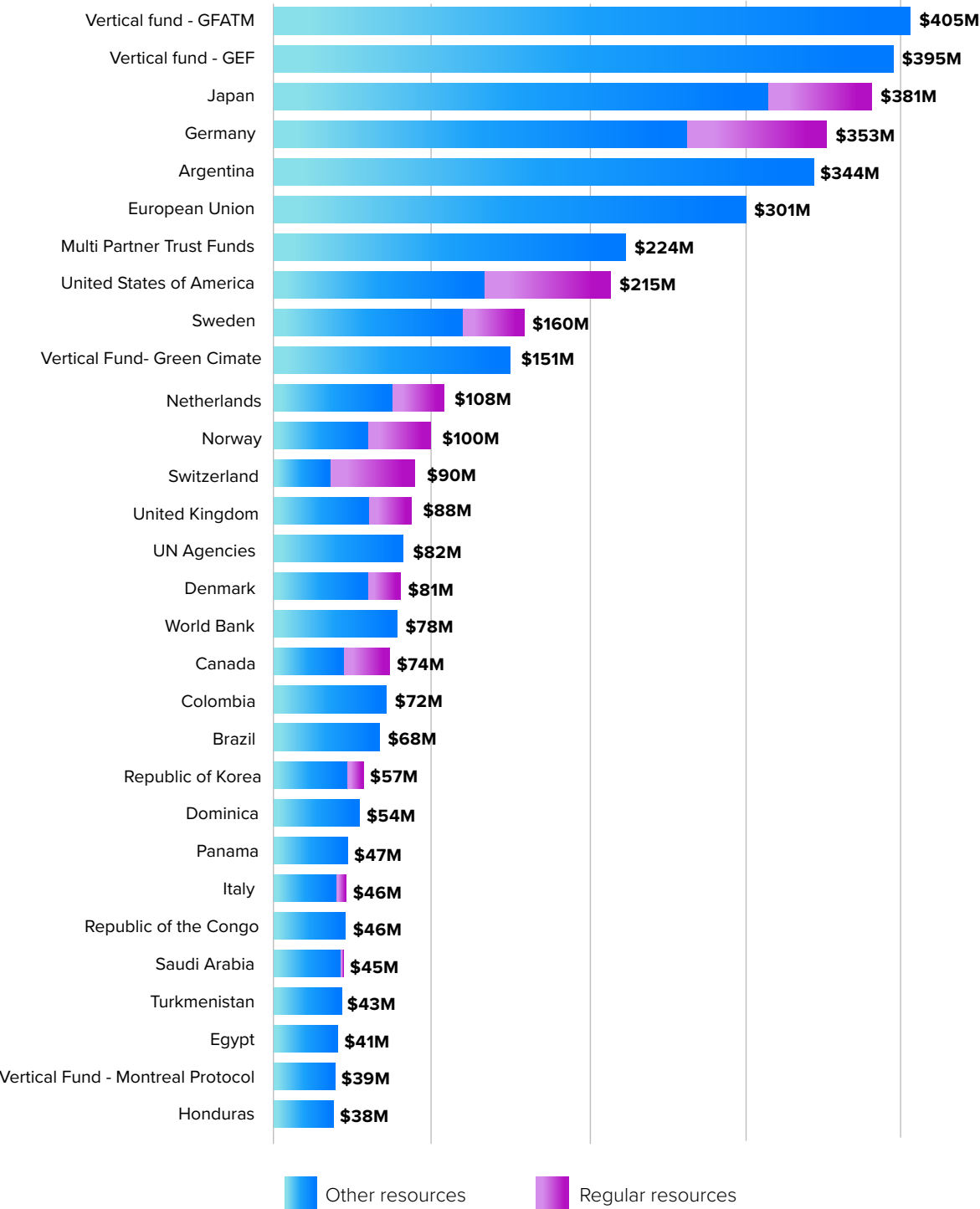
CONTRIBUTION BY DONOR CATEGORY IN 2023



# Top 30 resource partners, 2023

UNDP's top 30 resource partners contributed \$4.2 billion, or 84 per cent of total annual contributions in 2023. These partners provided 88 per cent of Regular Resources and 84 per cent of Other Resources contributions.

\$ in US million

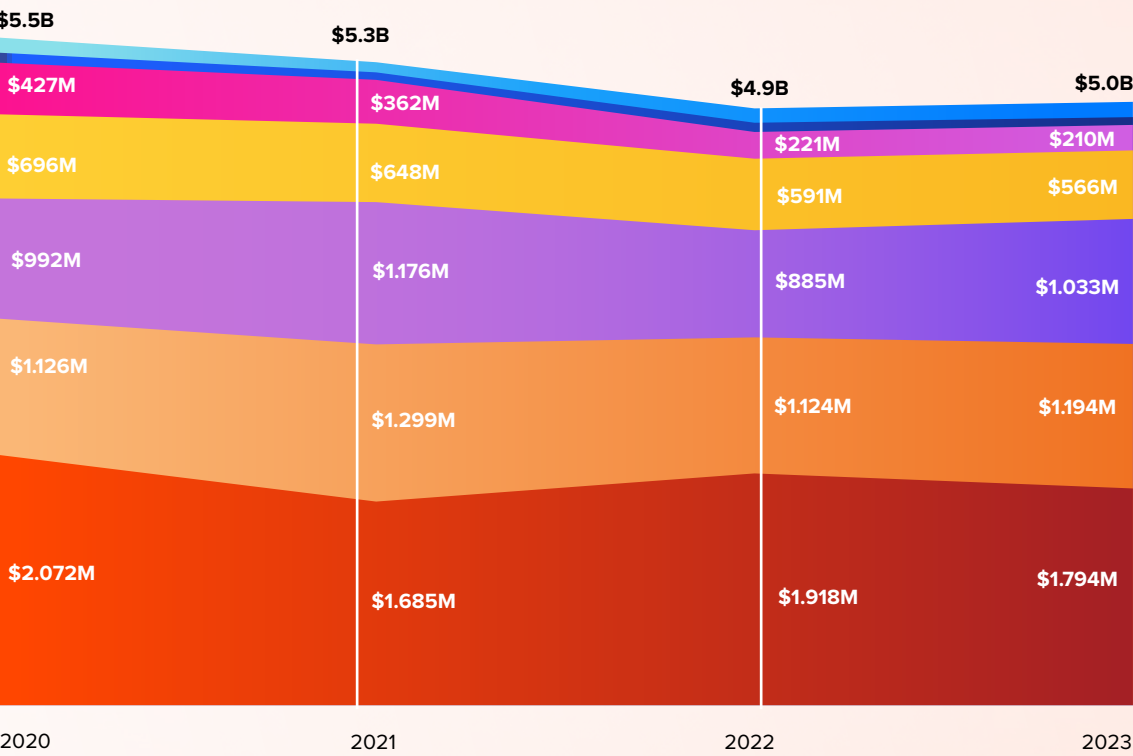


# RESOURCES BY FUNDING CHANNEL

UNDP receives its funding through various channels as described below. In 2023, UNDP benefited from increases in contributions from thematic funding windows (6%), government financing (7%) and vertical funds (16%). Contributions from regular resources, however, decreased by 4 per cent, reducing its proportion to 11 per cent of total annual contributions.

Resources by funding channel, 2020-2023

\$ in US million



**REGULAR “core” RESOURCES:** Unearmarked funds that are foundational to deliver results across the Strategic Plan.

**OTHER RESOURCES:** Earmarked funds for specific themes, programmes or projects.

**Government Financing:** A voluntary funding mechanism by which programme country Governments entrust their domestic resources, or loans extended by financial institution (IFIs), to UNDP to assist in the implementation of development initiatives in their respective countries.

**Thematic Funds:** Softly earmarked pooled funds designed to support the achievement of outcomes aligned with the Strategic Plan, and address issues that cut across thematic areas.

**Third Party Cost Sharing:** Earmarked contributions for a specific programme, project, region, or country.

**UN Pooled Funds:** A UN inter-agency financing mechanism supporting clearly defined programmatic scopes and results frameworks, enabling global and local responses to humanitarian, development, environmental, and peace-related challenges.

**Vertical Funds:** Earmarked funds for a single area of development – e.g., health or environment.

**Reimbursable Support Services:** Funds for management and support services, including for UN Volunteers, the Junior Professional Officer (JPO) Programme.

REGULAR (“CORE”) RESOURCES

Core resources are contributions without restrictions, to be used flexibly for sustainable development wherever and whenever the need is greatest.

Why Core Matters

BEFORE, DURING, AND AFTER AN EMERGENCY



Through core resources, UNDP is able to respond quickly and flexibly to the development needs of countries affected by conflicts and natural disasters. It allows UNDP to be present on the ground before, during and after emergencies, to service the international community in directing resources where they are most needed. Core enables UNDP to quickly deploy funds, provide life-saving services, support governments to sustain governance structures and continue providing basic services, and preserve development gains.

SUPPORTING THOSE WHO NEED THE MOST



UNDP directs over 80 per cent of core funding to least developed countries, where development needs are greatest and resources are most scarce. In fragile settings, UNDP’s programmes fund a broad range of needs - from job creation to climate security – and focus on building long-term resilience so that no one is left behind.

CORE MEANS MORE



Core funding is a smart investment because it is a magnet for more money. In 2023, every core dollar spent on UNDP’s programmes brought eleven more in non-core programme resources. With a seed investment of \$10.3 million in 2022-2023, the Sustainable Finance Hub raised almost \$30 million for work that leveraged nearly \$15 billion in public and private investment in the Sustainable Development Goals.

TRANSPARENCY, OVERSIGHT, AND ACCOUNTABILITY



Core funding helps UNDP maintain high standards of quality assurance and transparency, support independent oversight functions such as evaluation, ethics, and development effectiveness, underpinning a strong commitment to accountability. In 2023, UNDP obtained a clean audit opinion for the eighteenth consecutive year and remained the second most transparent UN agency on the Aid Transparency Index.

GLOBAL REACH



Core funding allows UNDP to operate at the core of the United Nations development system, support UN system-wide assets (UNV, UNCDF, UNOSSC, and MPTFO), sustain a global operating network in over 170 countries and territories, and contribute to supporting the Resident Coordinator system.

INNOVATION AND THOUGHT LEADERSHIP



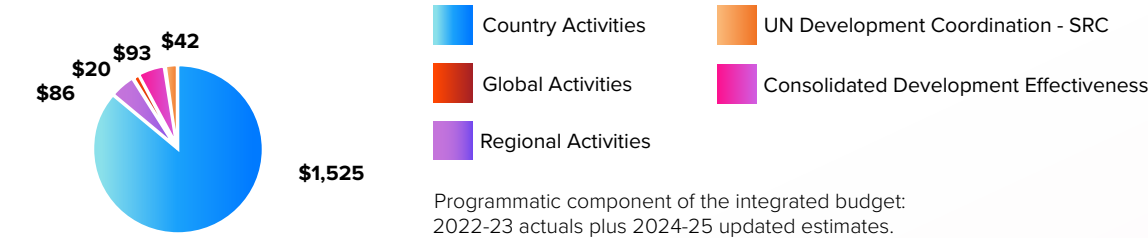
Core funding allows UNDP to test innovative approaches to support development. Operating in 115 countries, its Accelerator Labs are an open global research and development resource for the Sustainable Development Goals, sourcing over 6,000 development solutions and sparking some 1,500 partnerships to learn what works and does not in sustainable development. UNDP’s Human Development Report Office, also funded from core, spearheads cutting-edge research, constructively challenges policies and approaches constraining human development, and enhances thought leadership overall.

How core is allocated effectively to achieve the greatest impact

LION'S SHARE GOES TO PROGRAMMES

The lion's share of the core programme budget for 2022-2025 is channeled through country programmes.

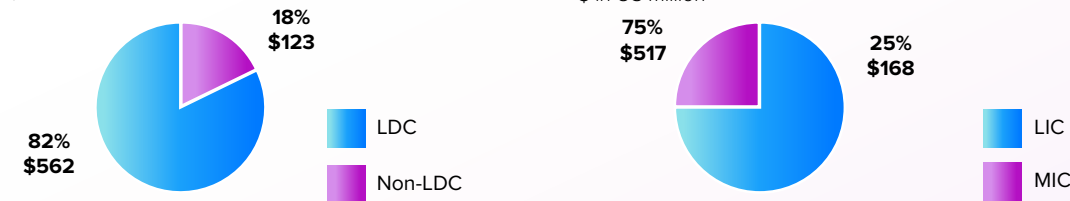
\$ in US million



STRONG SUPPORT FOR LEAST DEVELOPED AND LOW-INCOME COUNTRIES

Over 80 per cent of core resources are allocated to least developed countries where development needs are greatest, and over 70 per cent to low-income countries.

\$ in US million



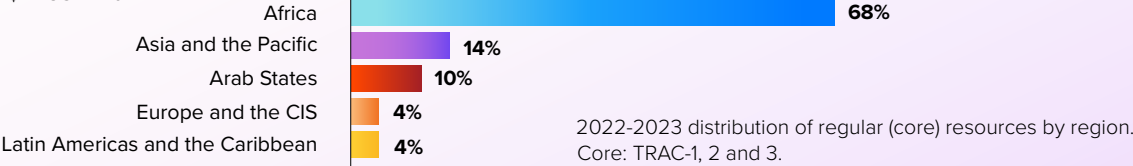
2022-2023 distribution of regular (core) resources by development status. Core: TRAC-1, 2 and 3.

2022-2023 distribution of regular (core) resources by country typology. Core: TRAC-1, 2 and 3.

AFRICA RECEIVES THE LARGEST SHARE

In line with development needs, the highest amount of core resources is allocated to Africa, followed by Asia and the Arab States.

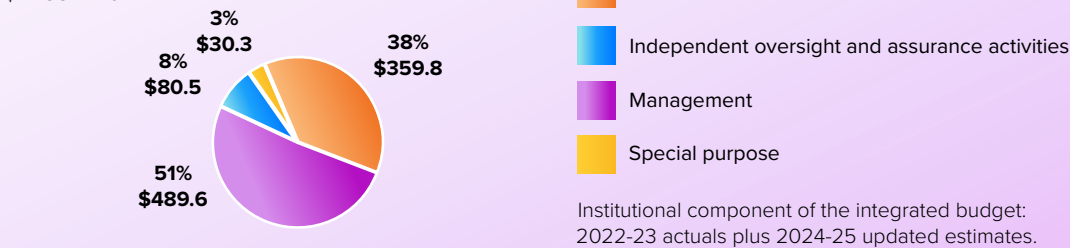
\$ in US million



INSTITUTIONAL BUDGET ENABLES PROGRAMMATIC IMPACT

UNDP's institutional budget supports investments in institutional capacity, development effectiveness, maintaining the highest levels of independent oversight, transparency and accountability and special purpose initiatives (UNV and UNCDF).

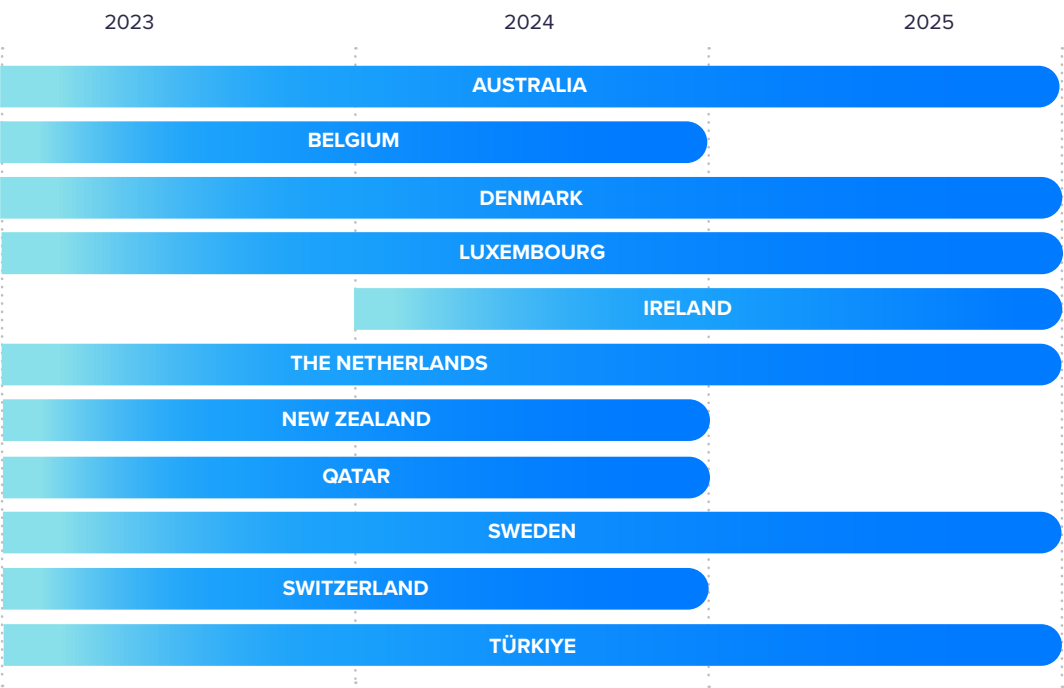
\$ in US million



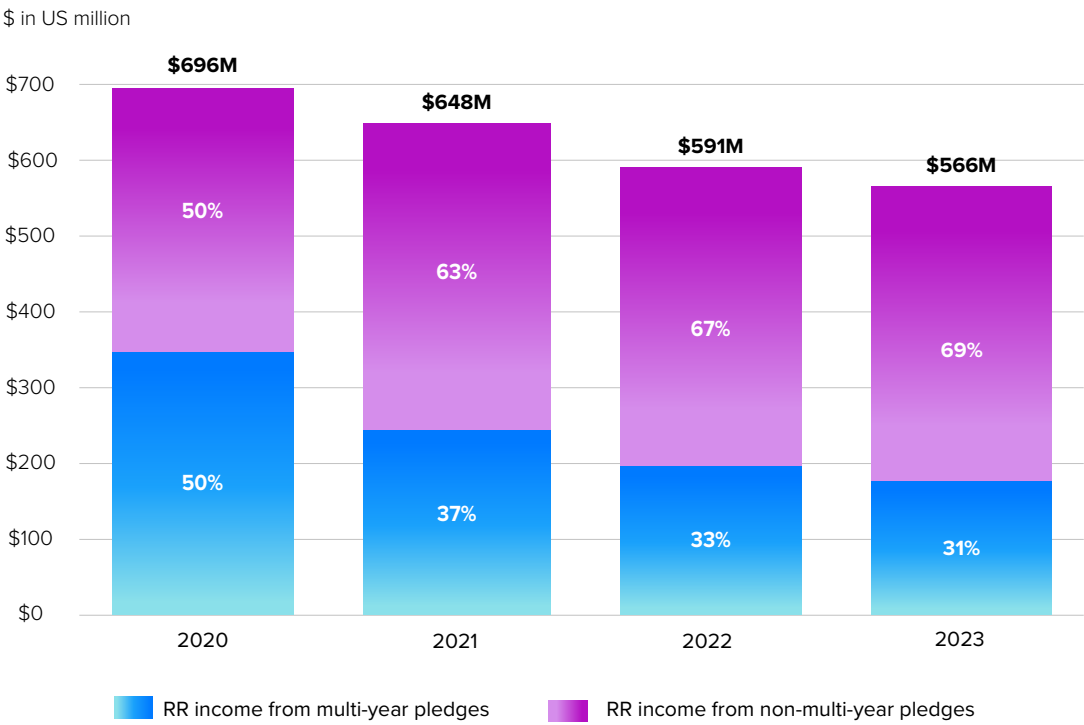
In 2023, UNDP received  
**\$566 MILLION**  
**IN CORE CONTRIBUTIONS,**  
of which, 31 per cent were backed  
by multi-year commitments.



10 Partners with multi-year pledges to regular resources



Regular resources from multi-year pledges, 2020-2023



Contributors to regular resources, 2023

1	Germany	89,498,834	20	China	3,350,000
2	United States of America	80,985,880	21	Spain	2,975,509
3	Japan	65,999,535	22	Finland	2,107,830
4	Switzerland	53,911,379	23	Saudi Arabia	2,000,000
5	Norway	40,304,827	24	Türkiye	1,200,000
6	Sweden	39,914,951	25	Austria	1,126,915
7	Netherlands	32,945,771	26	Thailand	865,112
8	Canada	28,943,560	27	Kuwait	570,000
9	UK*	27,208,892	28	Singapore	300,000
10	Denmark	20,774,726	29	Iceland	219,042
11	France	13,063,357	30	Indonesia*	140,000
12	RoK	10,713,178	31	Liechtenstein	56,627
13	Belgium	10,532,151	32	Slovak Republic	53,648
14	Ireland	8,831,262	33	Portugal	50,000
15	Australia	8,274,984	34	Andorra	10,942
16	Italy	6,564,551	35	Cambodia	10,000
17	New Zealand	5,194,805	36	Philippines*	10,000
18	India	3,648,399	37	Samoa	6,000
19	Luxembourg	3,372,764			

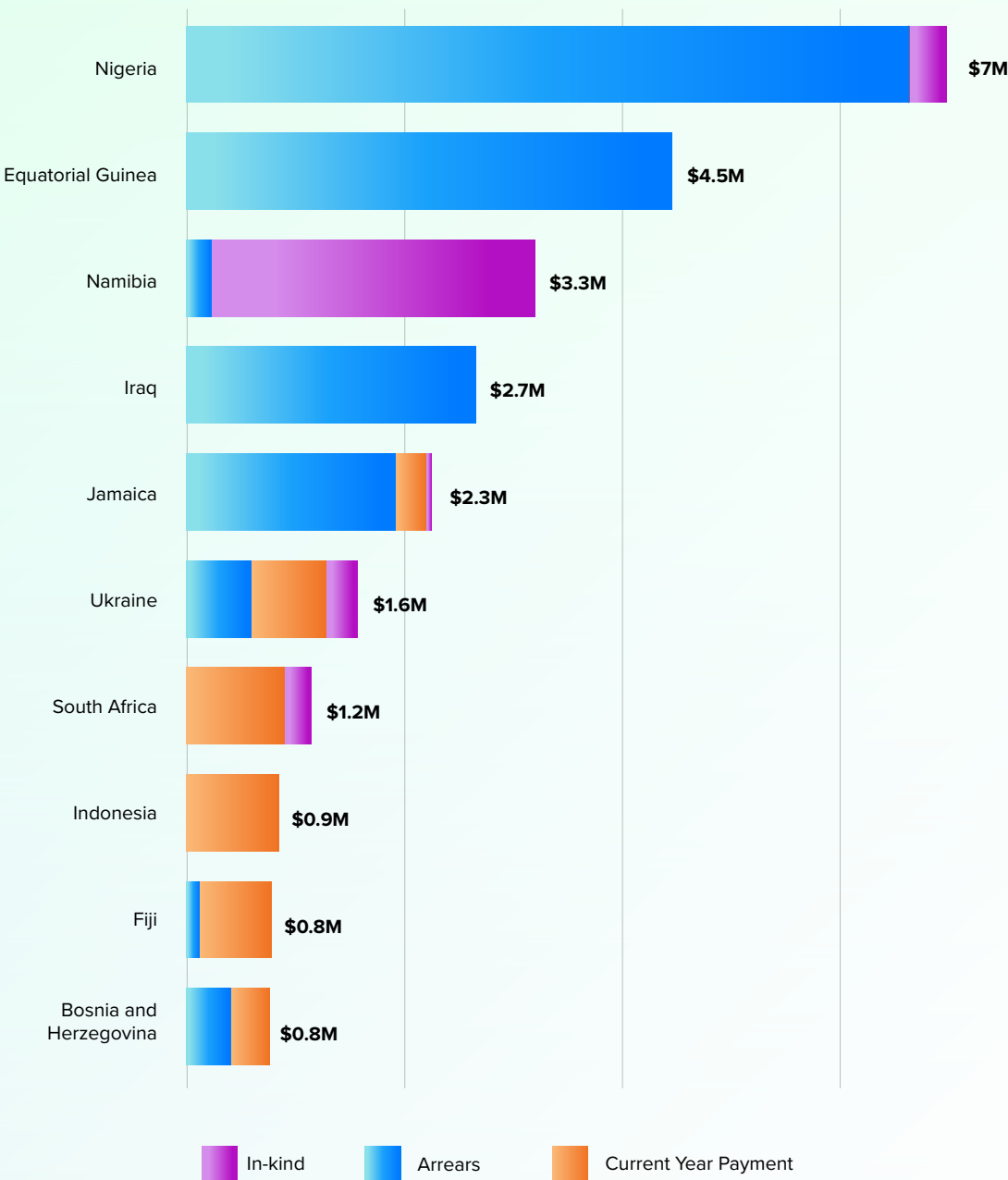
\*Includes 2022 contributions received in 2023

# Government contributions to local office costs (GLOC)

Annual government contributions to local office costs (GLOC) are an important source of revenue and can take the form of in-kind or cash contributions by host governments. In the low and middle-income countries categories, \$47 million was received in 2023 (2022: \$29 million), consisting of cash contributions of \$35 million (\$16 million for 2023 targets and \$19 million against arrears) and in-kind contributions of \$12 million for premises and utilities.

## GLOC CONTRIBUTIONS BY TOP 10 HOST GOVERNMENTS, 2023

\$ in US million



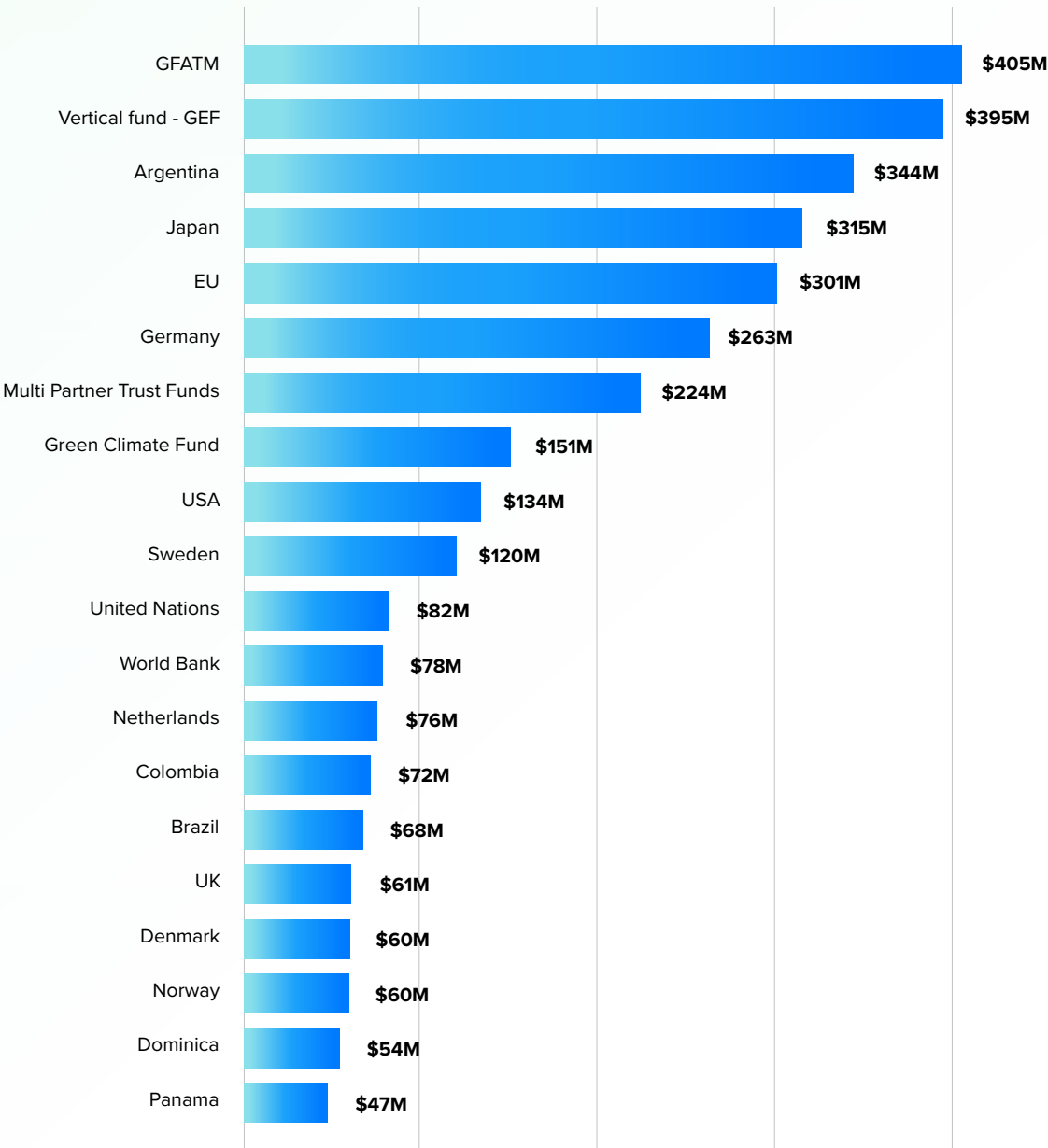
# OTHER RESOURCES

Other resources are earmarked contributions supplementary to regular or core resources. Other resources range from softly earmarked thematic funds to tightly earmarked funds for specific programmes or projects. Other resources are channeled to UNDP through government financing, thematic funding windows, UN pooled funds, vertical funds, or third-party cost sharing.

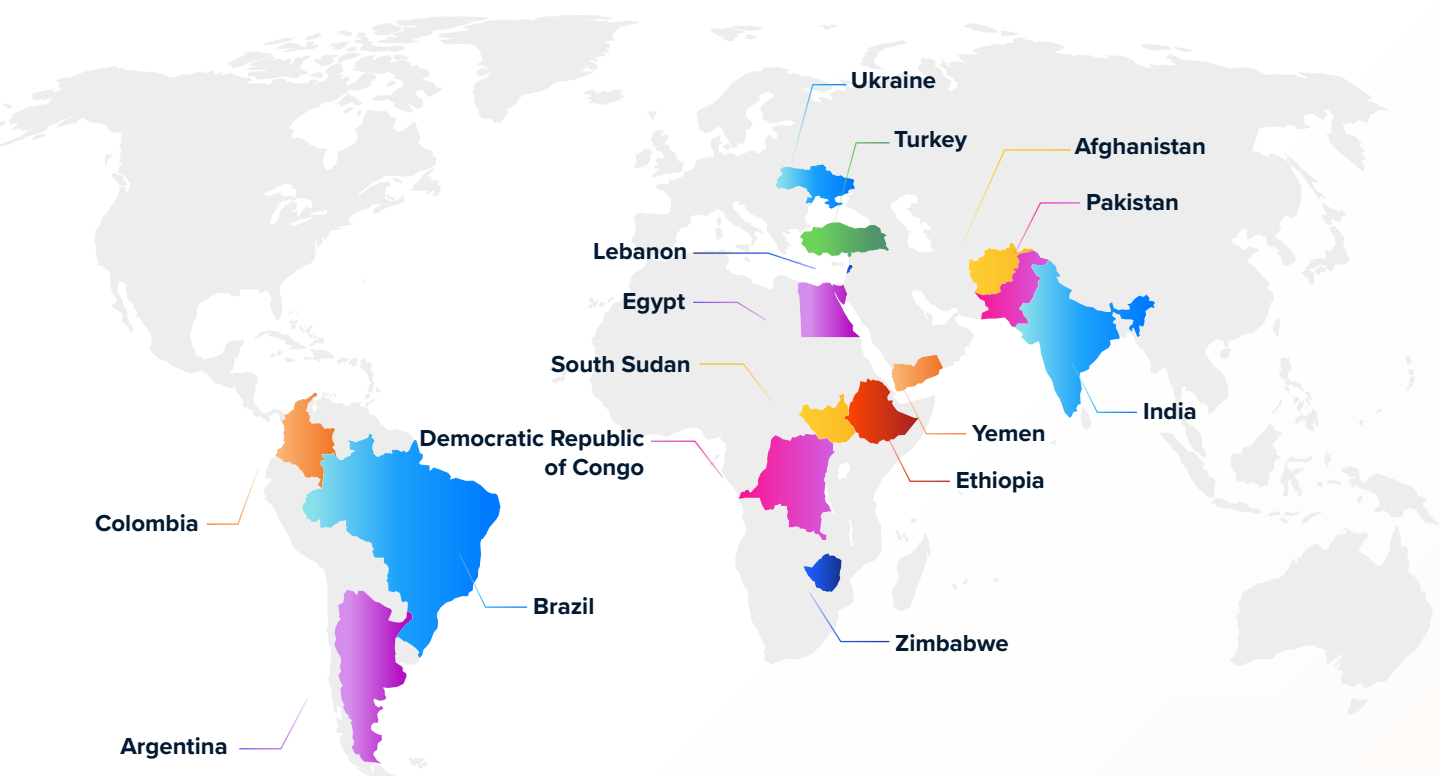
In 2023, annual contributions to other resources increased by 2 per cent to \$4.4 billion from \$4.3 billion in 2022.

## TOP 20 OTHER RESOURCES CONTRIBUTORS, 2023

\$ in US million



TOP 15 RECIPIENT COUNTRIES OF OTHER RESOURCES, 2023



Other Resources - Thematic Funds

Thematic funding windows are softly earmarked pooled funds designed to support the achievement of Strategic Plan outcomes and address issues that cut across thematic areas.

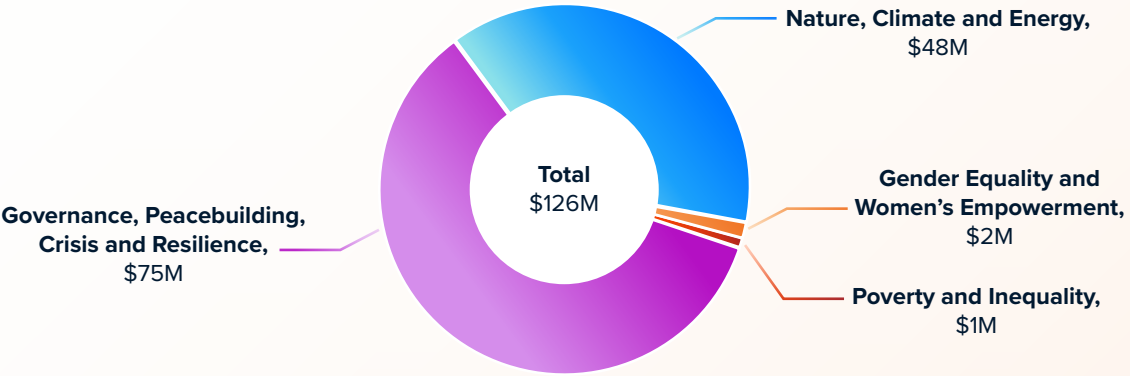
In 2023, contributions to UNDP’s funding windows increased by 6 per cent to \$126 million from \$119 million in 2022. UNDP is grateful for the continued support of our partners who contribute to the funding windows.

FUNDING WINDOWS CONTRIBUTIONS, 2020-2023

\$ in US million

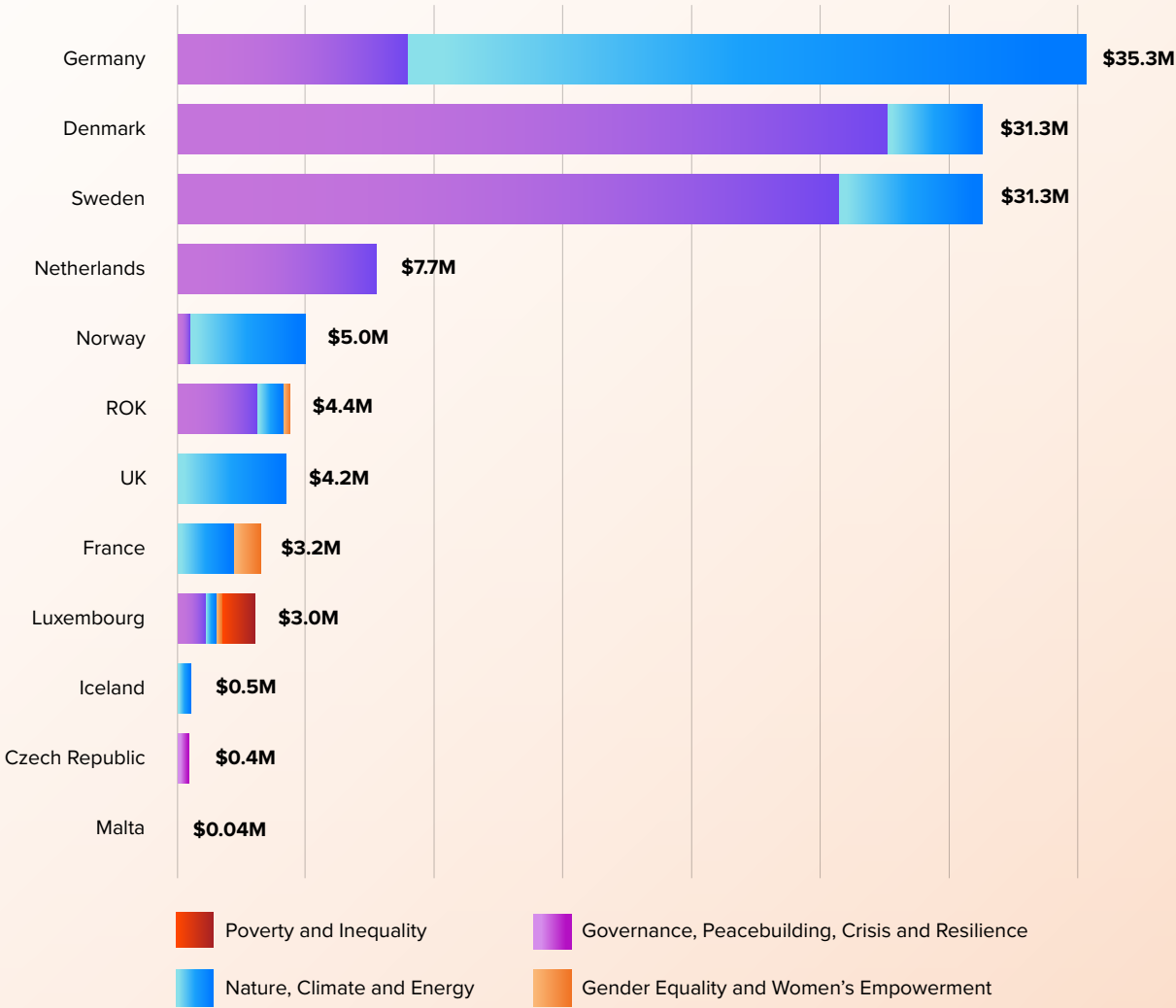


CONTRIBUTIONS BY WINDOWS, 2023



CONTRIBUTIONS BY DONOR AND WINDOW, 2023

\$ in US million



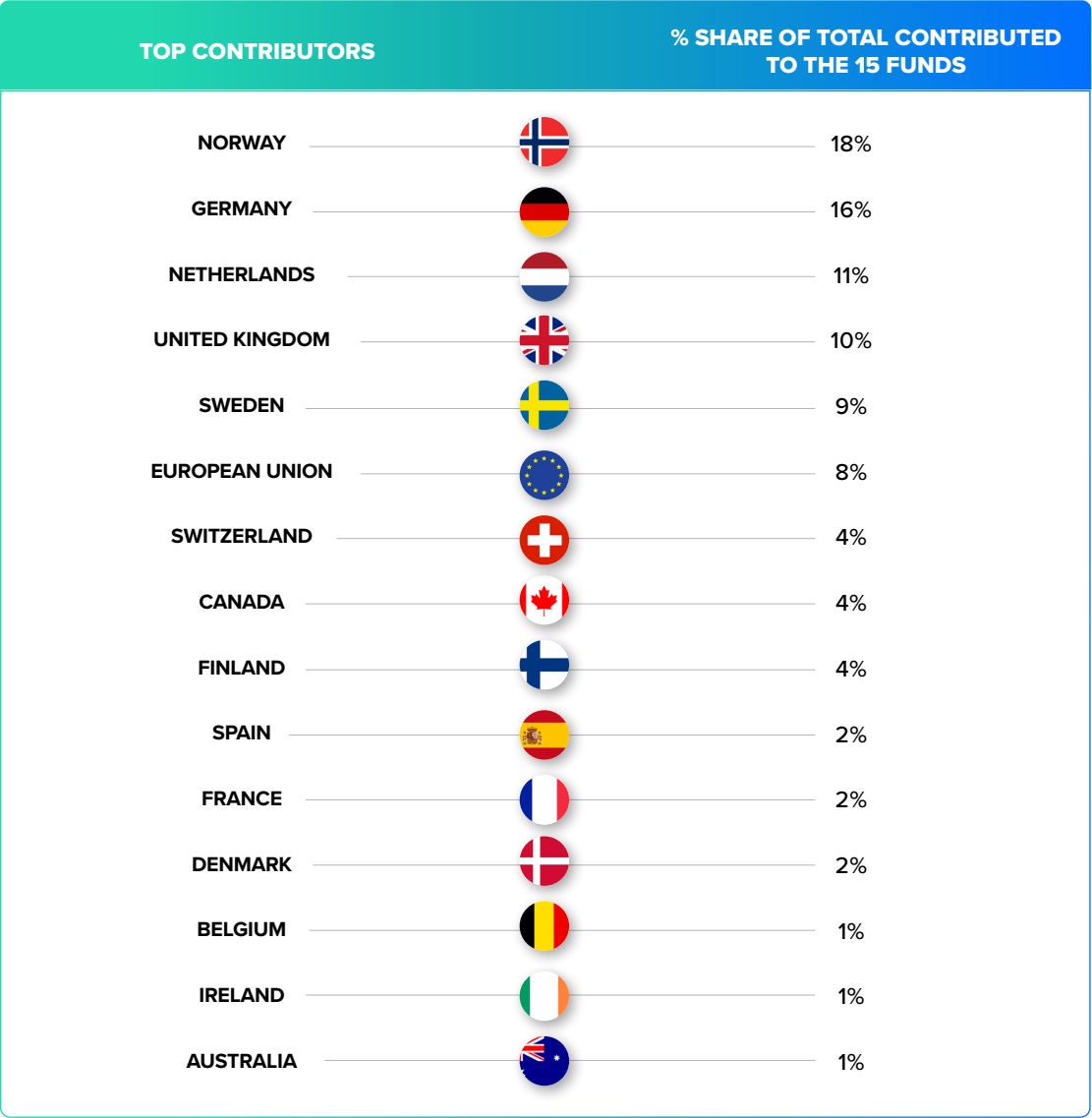
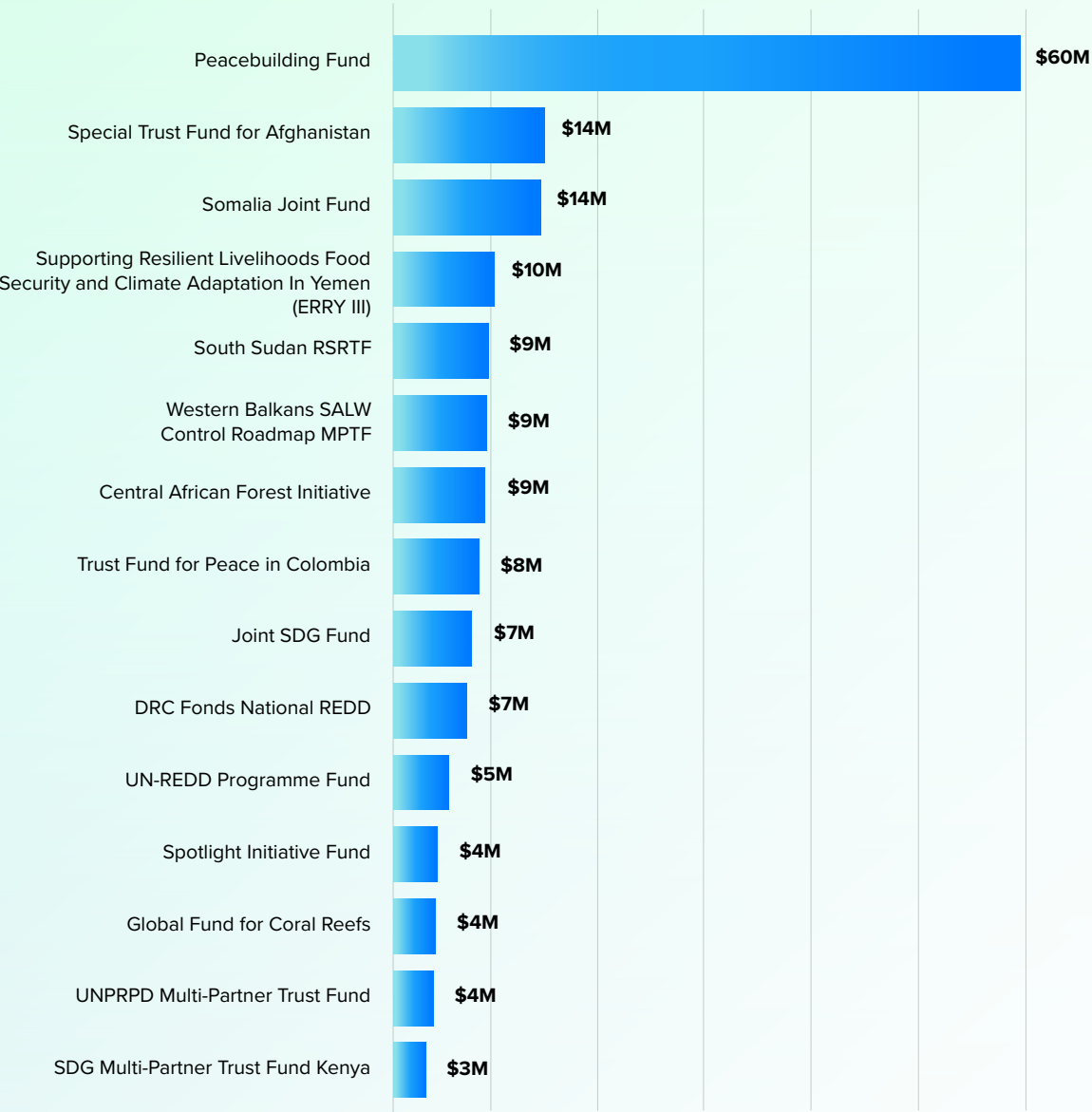
Other Resources - UN Pooled Funds

A UN inter-agency pooled fund is a financing mechanism to support a clearly defined programmatic purpose and results framework through contributions from more than one contributor. These funds enable global, regional and country-level responses to humanitarian, development, peace and transition and climate and environment-related challenges.

In 2023, contributions from inter-agency pooled funds to UNDP decreased by 10 per cent to \$224 million from \$249 million in 2022.

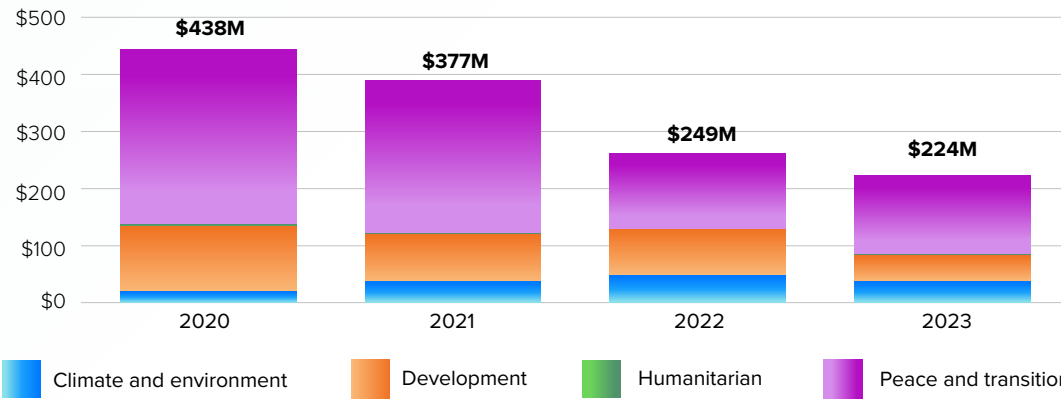
TOP 15 UN POOLED FUNDS RECEIVED BY UNDP AS A PARTICIPATING UN ORGANIZATION, 2023

\$ in US million



UN POOLED FUNDING TO UNDP, 2020-2023

\$ in US million



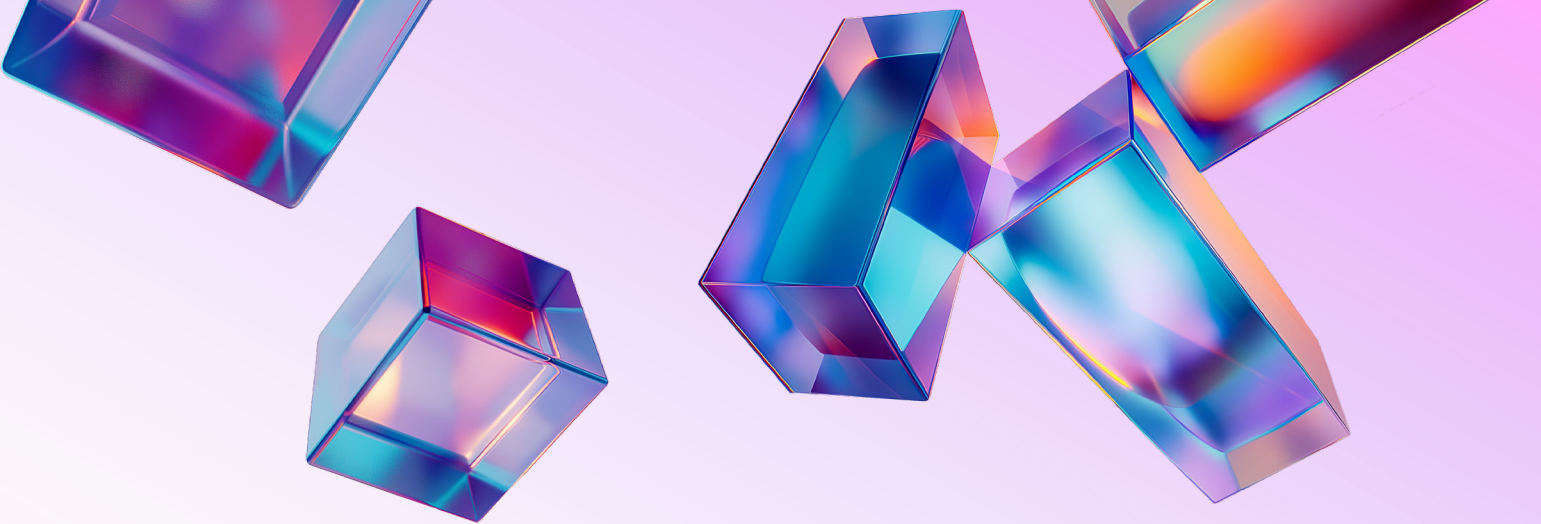
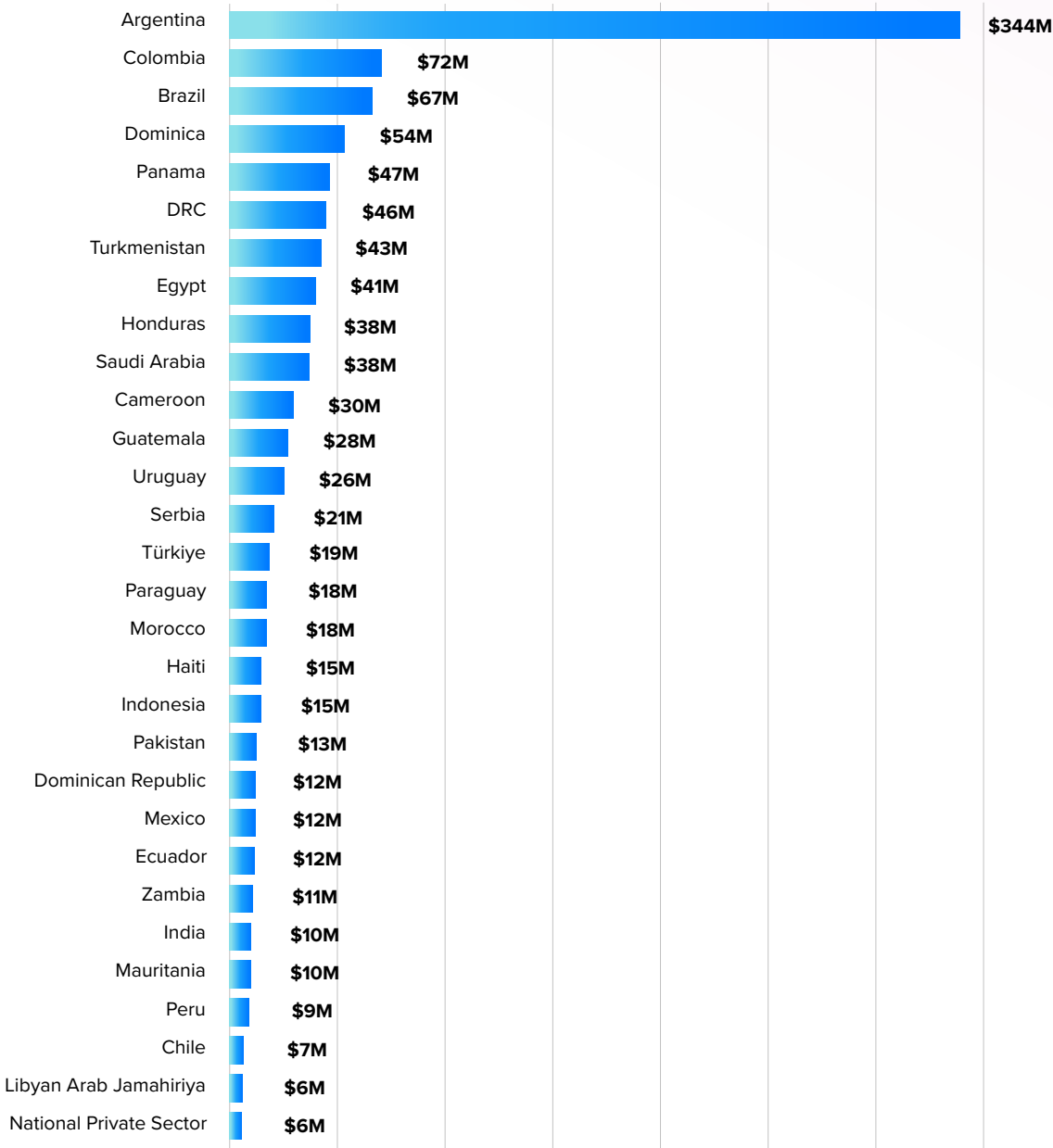
# Other Resources - Government Financing

Government financing is a voluntary funding mechanism by which programme country Governments entrust their domestic resources, or loans extended by international financial institution (IFIs), to UNDP to assist in the implementation of development initiatives in their respective countries.

In 2023, total contributions from government financing amounted to \$1.20 billion, a 7 per cent increase from \$1.12 billion in 2022, surpassing the \$1 billion mark for a fourth consecutive year, and making up 24 per cent of total annual contributions. Of the \$1.20 billion total, \$138 million came from loans financed by international financial institutions (IFIs).

## TOP 30 CONTRIBUTORS TO GOVERNMENT FINANCING, 2023

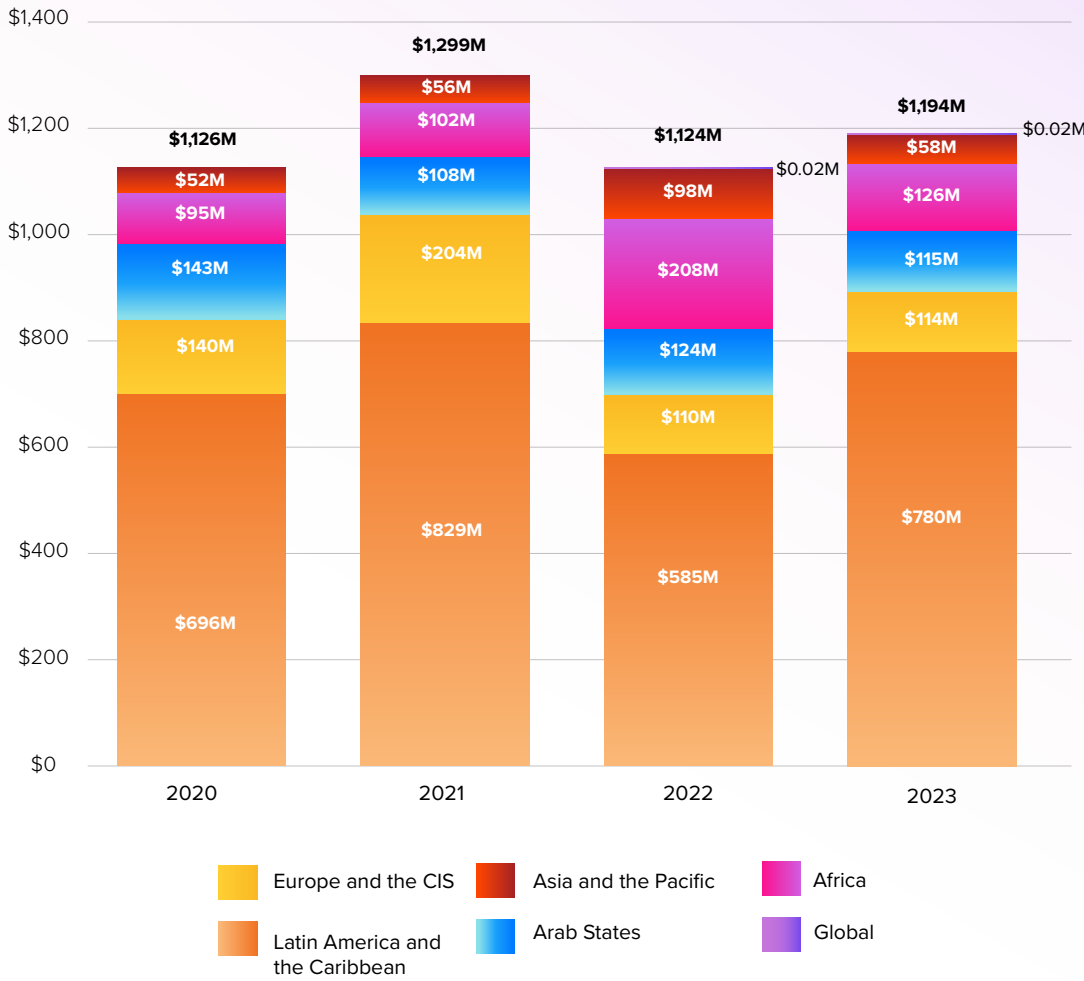
\$ in US million



## CONTRIBUTIONS TO GOVERNMENT FINANCING, 2020-2023

In 2023, programme countries in the Latin America and Caribbean region contributed 65 per cent of total government financing, followed by Africa (10 per cent), the Arab States region (10 per cent), Europe and the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS) (10 per cent) and Asia and the Pacific (5 per cent).

\$ in US million

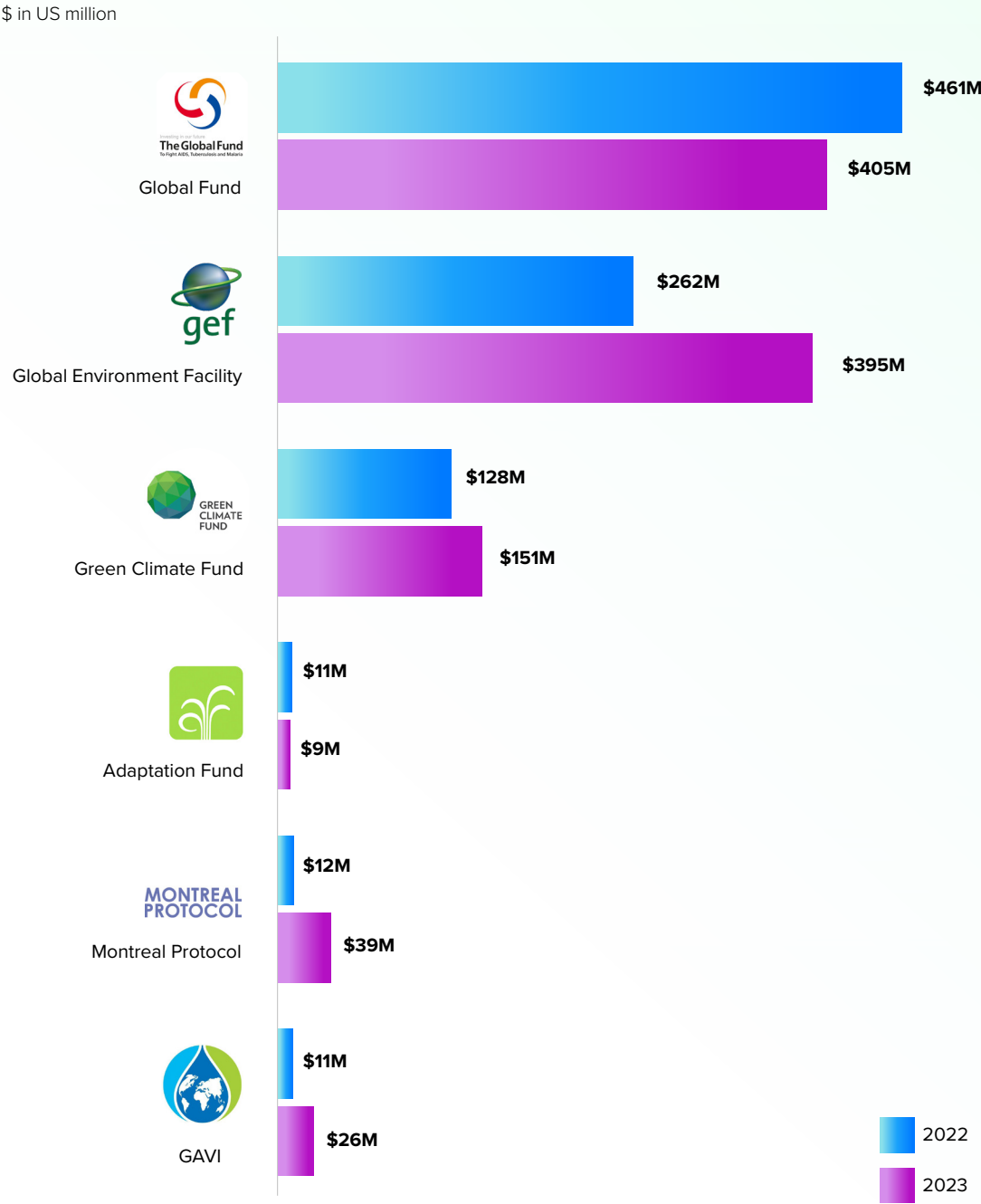


Other Resources - Vertical Funds

Vertical funds are earmarked for a single area of development such as nature, climate, energy, or health. These funds are governed by Steering Committees and are not directly administered by UNDP.

In 2023, UNDP received \$1.03 billion from vertical funds, a 16 per cent increase from \$885 million in 2022, with the largest contributions coming from the Global Fund (\$405 million), Global Environment Facility (\$395 million), and Green Climate Fund (\$151 million).

CONTRIBUTIONS FROM VERTICAL FUNDS, 2022-2023



Other Resources - Third-party cost sharing

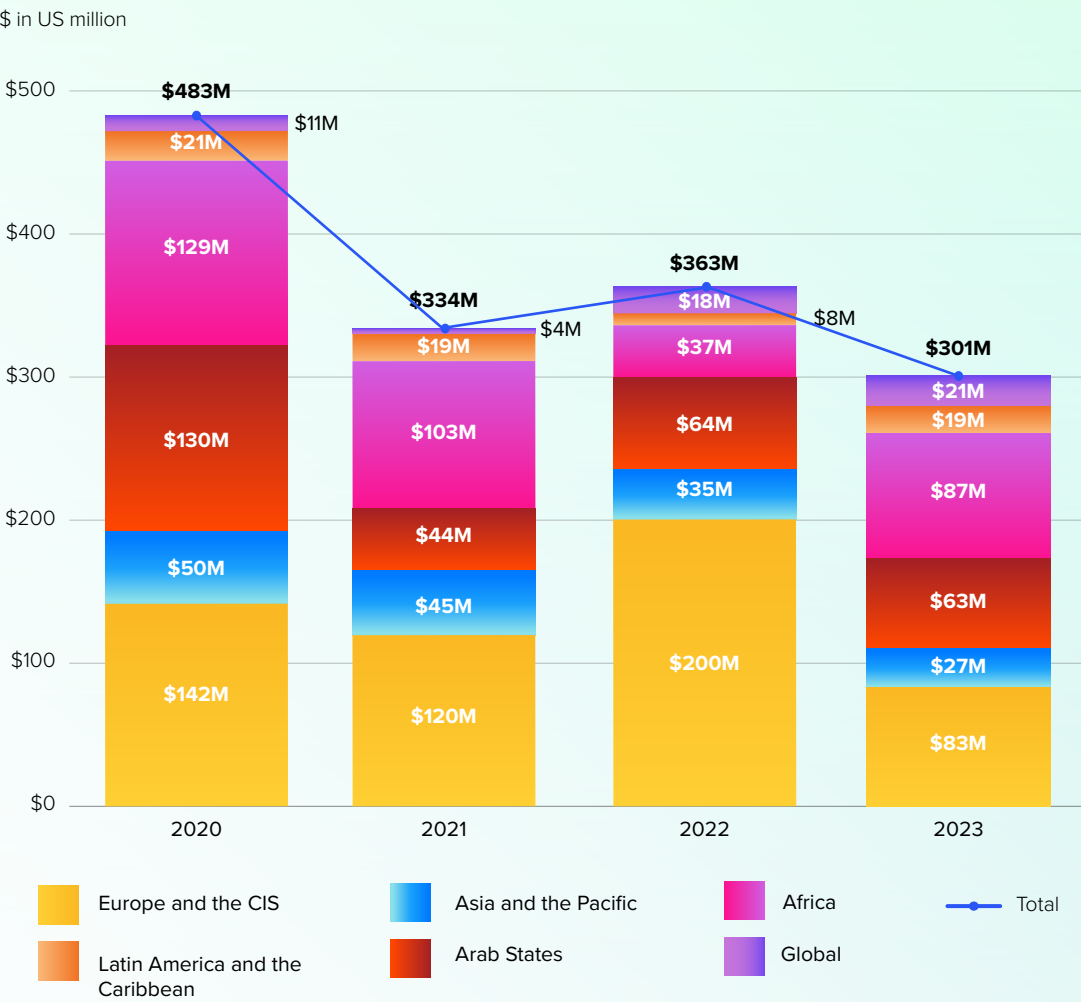
Third-party cost sharing continues to make up the largest share of earmarked other resources accounting for 36 per cent of total annual contributions in 2023, amounting to \$1.8 billion.

PARTNERING WITH THE EUROPEAN UNION

UNDP’s strategic partnership with the European Union (EU) focuses on achieving the Sustainable Development Goals, building resilience, climate action and sustainable energy, and supporting private sector development and investment.

The European Union was the sixth top donor to UNDP in 2023, contributing \$301 million, a 17 per cent decrease from \$363 million received in 2022, supporting programmes in Yemen, Ethiopia, Mozambique, Moldova, Libya and Bosnia and Herzegovina, among others.

CONTRIBUTIONS FROM THE EUROPEAN UNION, 2020-2023



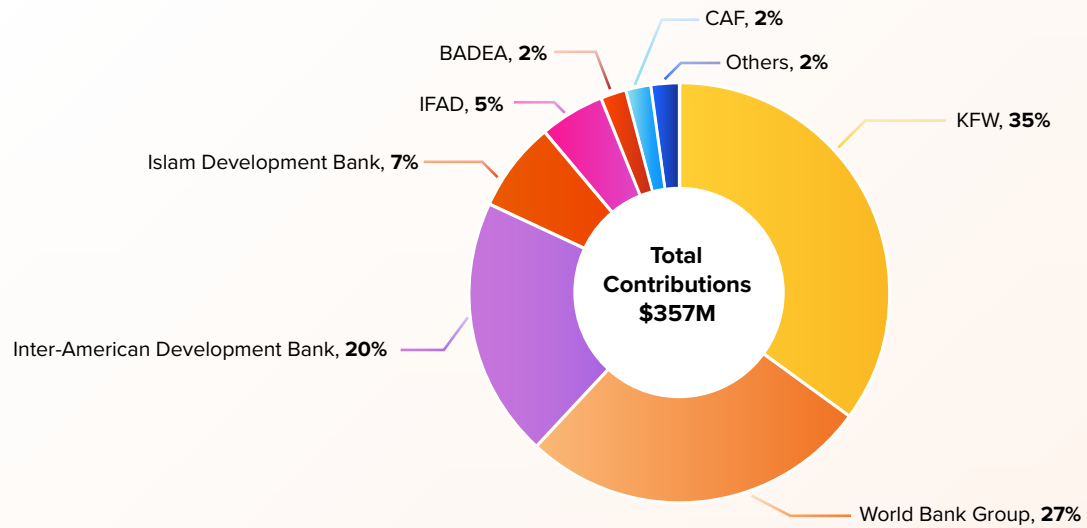
# PARTNERING WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

UNDP continues to build on its portfolio with International Financial Institutions (IFIs) to support countries access the capital, technical expertise and partnerships required to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals.

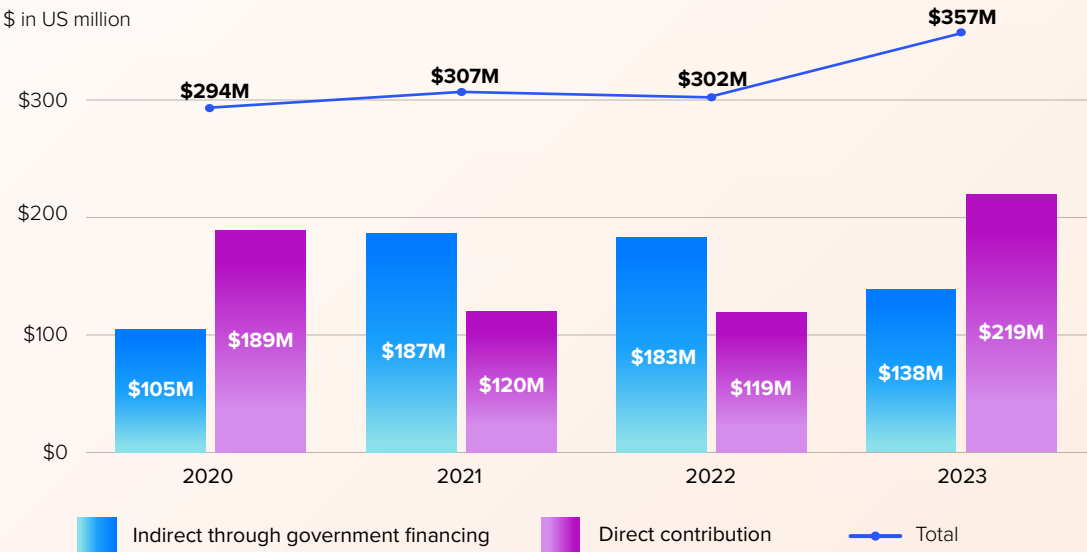
UNDP's financial and non-financial partnerships with IFIs are central to UNDP's aim of promoting a USD \$1 trillion investment of public expenditure and private capital aligned to the Sustainable Development Goals.

In 2023, IFIs contributed \$357 million, an 18 per cent increase from \$302 million in 2022. This amount comprises \$219 million in direct grants including \$123 million from KfW, the German development bank, reflected in the contributions of the Government of Germany to UNDP; and \$138 million in indirect contributions through government financing for UNDP support for loan implementation.

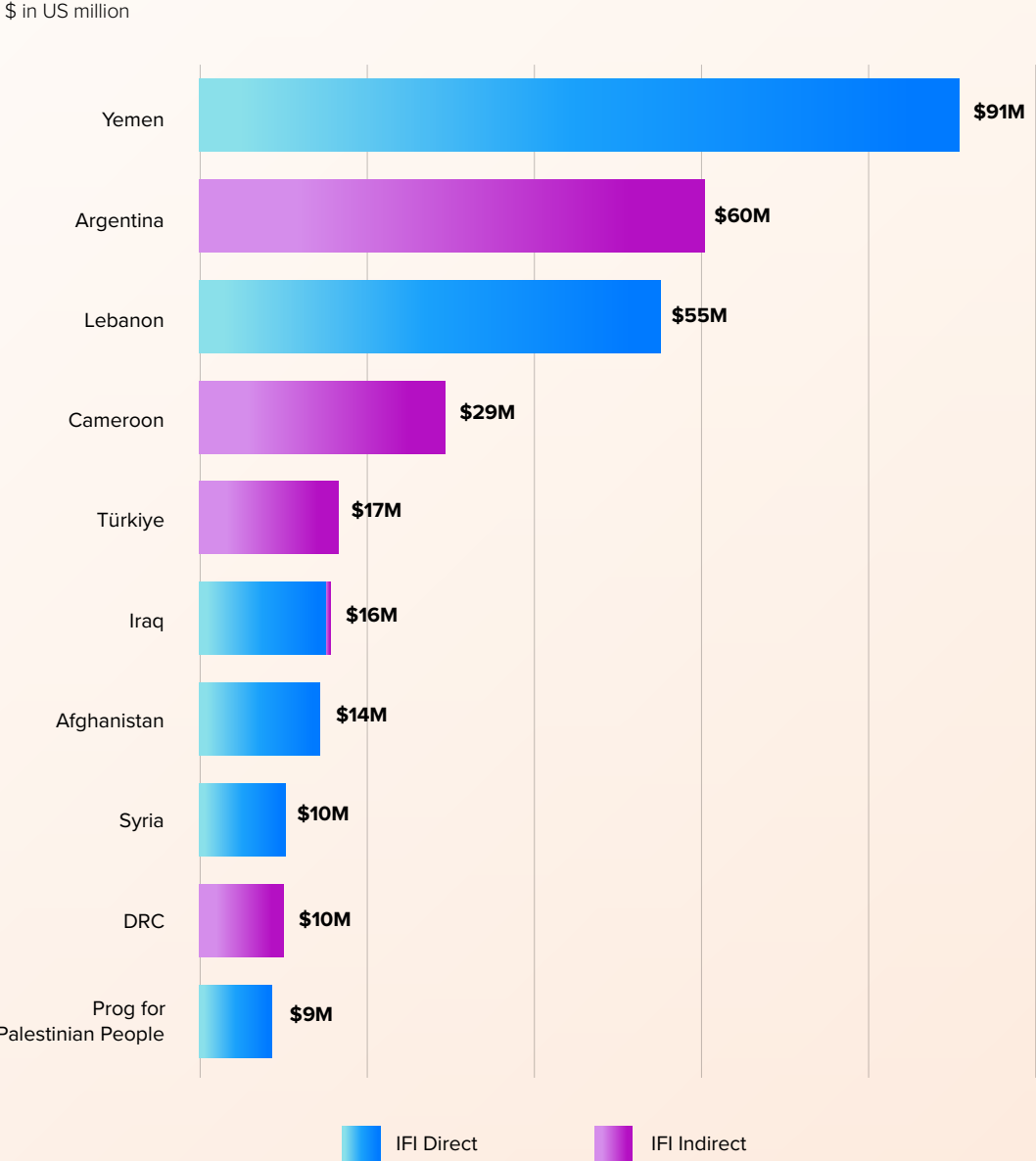
## TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS BY IFI, 2023



## IFI CONTRIBUTIONS BY TYPE, 2020-20223



## TOP 10 RECIPIENTS OF IFI FUNDING, 2023



# PARTNERING WITH PRIVATE COMPANIES, FOUNDATIONS, NGOS AND ACADEMIC INSTITUTIONS

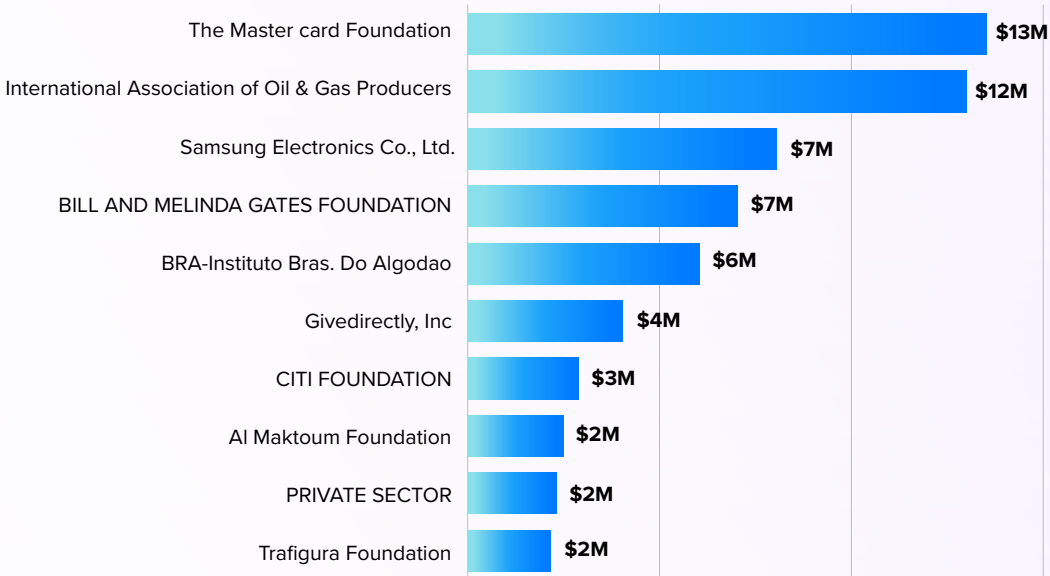
The UNDP Strategic Plan 2022-2025 emphasizes expanding alliances with the private sector to promote the investment of public and private finance to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals.

In 2023, contributions from the private sector, foundations, non-governmental organizations and academic, training and research institutions increased by 36 per cent to \$87 million from \$64 million in 2022.

UNDP's work on sustainable development finance has helped align approximately \$200 billion behind the Sustainable Development Goals, a step towards the 2025 moonshot of \$1 trillion.

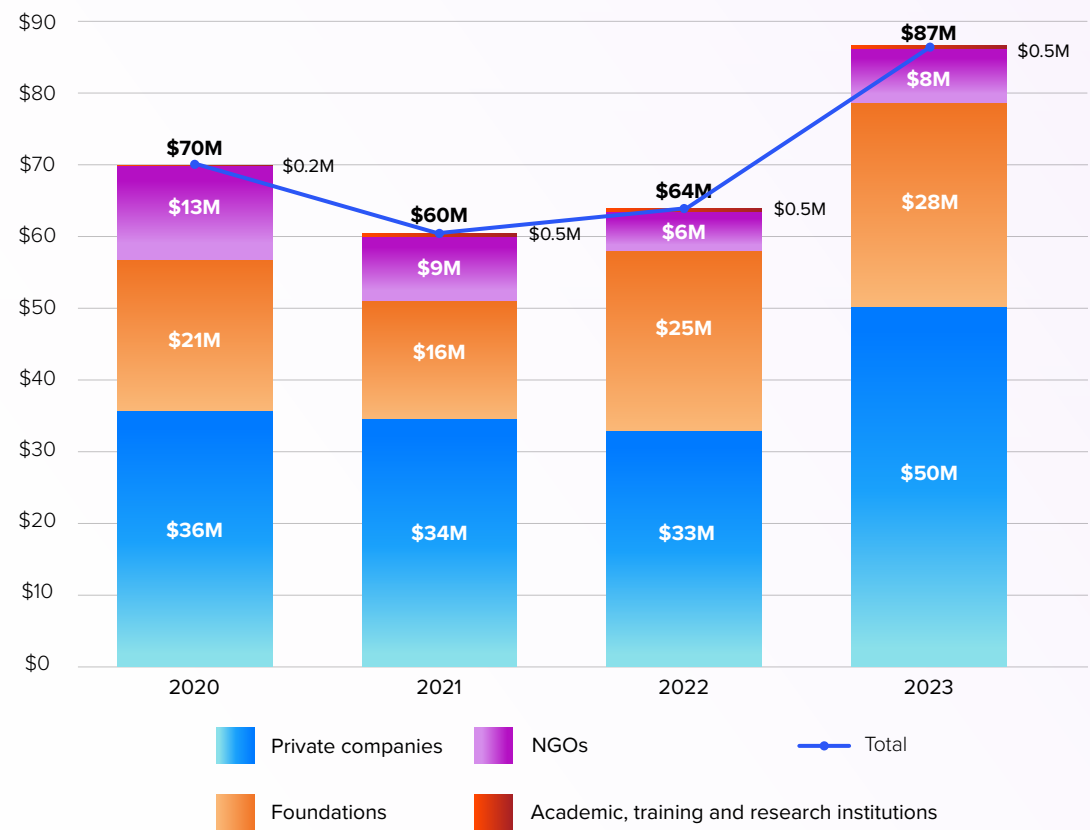
TOP 10 CONTRIBUTORS, 2023

\$ in US million



ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS, 2020-2023

\$ in US million



PARTNERING  
WITH THE  
UN FAMILY

Our partnerships with UN entities are catalytic in developing transformational policy-driven solutions and leveraging financing opportunities for the Sustainable Development Goals. Our joint interventions contribute to the accelerated efforts towards the SDGs, including by tackling the climate crisis in support of the Paris Agreement commitments.

UNDP has a \$2.3 billion portfolio to **protect climate and nature**, with nearly 300 projects spanning 142 countries (including 46 LDCs, 37 SIDS and 21 High Emitters) and delivered in collaboration with **over 35 partners across the UN and beyond**.

UNDP is part of a coalition of **31 UN agencies through the Joint SDG Fund**, an inter-agency pooled fund that incentivizes transformative policy and financing to shift and stimulate strategic investments required to catalyse and accelerate progress against the SDGs. Since its establishment in 2017, the Joint Fund has mobilized over \$370 million from 19 contributing partners and has helped countries shape more than 300 financial solutions to invest in the SDGs across 119 UN country teams.

Since 2019, working with Resident Coordinators and UN Country Teams through the **Spotlight Initiative, UNDP, together with UN Women, UNFPA and UNICEF**, delivered a package of comprehensive interventions to respond to violence against women and girls. They have supported 477 laws and policies, and allocated \$190 million to civil society organizations. Nearly 2.5 million women and girls have accessed gender-based violence services, just to name a few, in 32 countries across five regions.



PARTNERING FOR DIGITAL INCLUSION

UNDP’s longstanding experience and expertise in the digital development space led to its co-hosting of SDG Digital, a high- level event co-organized with ITU, to increase action on accelerating the use of digital in support of the Sustainable Development Goals. The event gathered top representatives across governments, private sector, civil society and international organizations, along with over 500 in-person participants and many more online during SDG Action Weekend.



UNDP WAS PROUD TO HOST CRUCIAL, SPECIALIZED FUNCTIONS FOR THE UN’S WORK AROUND THE WORLD IN 2023:



The UNOSSC brokered collaborative initiatives involving over **100 countries**



UNV deployed almost **13,000 volunteers** across the UN system



UNCDF delivered over **\$100 million** for the third consecutive year



The MPTF Office administered over **\$1 billion** in UN inter-agency funds involving 107 programme countries, 54 UN entities and an increasing number of non-UN actors

CONTRIBUTIONS TO UNDP, 2023

AS REPORTED IN APPENDIX VII TO ANNEX I TO DP/2024/26

in United States Dollars

Member State	Regular Resources	Cost-sharing	Trust funds	Reimbursable support services & misc. activities	Subtotal	Government contributions to local office costs <sup>a/</sup>	NCC Contributions	Upper MIC Contributions	In-kind Contributions	Total
Albania	-	312 107	-	-	312 107	399 923	-	-	-	712 030
Algeria	-	13 500	-	-	13 500	550 000	-	-	-	563 500
Andorra	10 942	-	-	-	10 942	-	-	-	-	10 942
Angola	-	1 606 292	-	-	1 606 292	-	-	-	178 410	1 784 703
Antigua and Barbuda	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Argentina	-	344 193 114	-	-	344 193 114	-	538 615	-	-	344 731 729
Armenia	-	221 704	-	-	221 704	154 858	-	-	480 321	856 883
Australia	8 274 984	16 104 725	1 286 391	741 378	26 407 478	-	-	-	-	26 407 478
Austria	1 126 915	6 285 528	-	-	7 412 443	-	-	-	-	7 412 443
Azerbaijan	-	4 931 335	-	-	4 931 335	-	-	-	240 170	5 171 504
Bahrain	-	-	-	-	-	-	911 917	-	152 390	1 064 307
Bangladesh	-	1 172 296	-	2 000	1 174 296	14 706	-	-	-	1 189 002
Barbados	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	346 402	346 402
Belarus	-	-	-	-	-	289 771	-	-	89 711	379 482
Belgium	10 532 151	9 001 170	-	193 920	19 727 241	-	-	-	-	19 727 241
Belize	-	16 727	-	1 000	17 727	479 401	-	-	10 504	507 632
Benin	-	4 141 375	-	-	4 141 375	139 988	-	-	90 250	4 371 613
Bhutan	-	94 780	-	-	94 780	173 083	-	-	50 537	318 400
Bolivia, Plurinational State of	-	1 999 510	-	-	1 999 510	-	-	-	-	1 999 510
Bosnia and Herzegovina	-	4 533 089	-	-	4 533 089	770 501	-	-	-	5 303 590
Botswana	-	1 525 727	-	(1 153)	1 524 574	-	-	156 209	108 470	1 789 253
Brazil	-	67 576 848	-	-	67 576 848	-	-	478 340	-	68 055 188
British Virgin Islands	-	120 000	-	-	120 000	-	-	-	-	120 000
Bulgaria	-	78 521	-	-	78 521	-	-	-	-	78 521
Burkina Faso	-	-	-	-	-	369 853	-	-	-	369 853
Burundi	-	1 547 789	-	-	1 547 789	-	-	-	134 764	1 682 553
Cambodia	10 000	1 647 571	-	-	1 657 571	72 364	-	-	-	1 729 935
Cameroon	-	30 179 615	-	-	30 179 615	-	-	-	-	30 179 615
Central African Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Canada	28 943 560	42 884 254	(3 325)	1 769 119	73 593 608	-	-	-	-	73 593 608
Chad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chile	-	6 846 263	-	-	6 846 263	-	994 972	-	507 338	8 348 573

Member State	Regular Resources	Cost-sharing	Trust funds	Reimbursable support services & misc. activities	Subtotal	Government contributions to local office costs <sup>a/</sup>	NCC Contributions	Upper MIC Contributions	In-kind Contributions	Total
China	3 350 000	10 297 868	2 097 000	3 330 173	19 075 041	-	-	781 640	-	19 856 682
Colombia	16 090	71 643 000	10 000	-	71 669 090	260 000	-	-	-	71 929 090
Comoros	-	-	-	-	-	39 757	-	-	-	39 757
The Republic of The Congo	-	141 521	-	-	141 521	-	-	-	-	141 521
Cook Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Costa Rica	-	36 431	-	-	36 431	-	-	730 746	-	767 177
Côte d'Ivoire	-	-	-	-	-	302 461	-	-	98 888	401 349
Croatia	-	2 969 096	-	-	2 969 096	-	-	-	-	2 969 096
Cuba	-	-	10 000	-	10 000	-	-	-	-	10 000
Curaçao	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cyprus	53 639	1 552 916	-	-	1 606 555	-	-	-	47 390	1 653 945
Czechia	( 3 282)	1 425 284	441 772	469 528	2 333 302	-	-	-	-	2 333 302
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	51 451	51 451
Democratic Republic of the Congo	-	45 556 857	-	-	45 556 857	-	-	-	-	45 556 857
Denmark	20 774 726	27 267 729	31 254 651	1 237 247	80 534 353	-	-	-	2 864 871	83 399 224
Djibouti	-	-	-	-	-	220 896	-	-	-	220 896
Dominica	-	54 443 223	-	-	54 443 223	-	-	-	-	54 443 223
Dominican Republic	-	12 702 954	-	-	12 702 954	-	-	10 854	107 289	12 821 097
Ecuador	-	13 032 463	-	-	13 032 463	75 000	-	-	-	13 107 463
Egypt	-	40 621 576	-	-	40 621 576	498 803	-	-	-	41 120 379
El Salvador	-	4 709 765	-	-	4 709 765	-	-	-	-	4 709 765
Equatorial Guinea	-	3 594 972	-	-	3 594 972	4 528 368	-	1 853 320	-	9 976 660
Eritrea	-	-	-	-	-	122 455	-	-	-	122 455
Estonia	-	215 210	-	-	215 210	-	-	-	-	215 210
Eswatini	-	565 459	-	-	565 459	349 469	-	-	-	914 928
Ethiopia	-	2 304 911	-	-	2 304 911	-	-	-	23 024	2 327 934
Fiji	-	521 567	-	-	521 567	790 374	-	-	-	1 311 942
Finland	2 107 830	11 207 355	-	1 632 422	14 947 608	-	-	-	-	14 947 608
France	13 063 357	10 460 297	5 125 826	2 549 098	31 198 578	-	-	-	-	31 198 578
Gabon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	177 300	177 300
Gambia	-	1 634 437	-	-	1 634 437	97 030	-	-	-	1 731 467
Georgia	-	-	-	-	-	217 726	-	-	432 580	650 306

Member State	Regular Resources	Cost-sharing	Trust funds	Reimbursable support services & misc. activities	Subtotal	Government contributions to local office costs <sup>a/</sup>	NCC Contributions	Upper MIC Contributions	In-kind Contributions	Total
Germany	89 498 834	221 984 930	37 094 342	3 970 705	352 548 811	-	-	-	814 099	353 362 910
Ghana	-	-	-	-	-	163 480	-	-	303 425	466 904
Greece	-	42 723	-	-	42 723	-	-	-	-	42 723
Grenada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Guatemala	-	28 006 393	-	-	28 006 393	640 679	-	-	-	28 647 072
Guinea	-	-	-	-	-	372 756	-	-	-	372 756
Guinea Bissau	-	300 000	-	-	300 000	-	-	-	-	300 000
Guyana	-	-	-	-	-	101 210	-	-	163 677	264 887
Haiti	-	15 089 353	-	-	15 089 353	200 026	-	-	-	15 289 379
Honduras	-	38 174 712	-	-	38 174 712	-	-	-	-	38 174 712
Iceland	219 042	569 877	500 000	62 433	1 351 352	-	-	-	-	1 351 352
India	3 648 399	10 296 902	1 000 000	-	14 945 301	239 353	-	-	282 050	15 466 704
Indonesia <sup>h</sup>	140 000	14 791 526	10 000	-	14 941 526	857 179	-	-	357 681	16 156 386
Iran, (Islamic Republic of) (the)	-	474 820	-	-	474 820	4 859	-	-	-	479 679
Iraq	-	500 000	-	-	500 000	2 695 000	-	-	-	3 195 000
Ireland	8 831 262	6 599 891	-	1 369 428	16 800 581	-	-	-	-	16 800 581
Israel	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Italy	6 564 551	38 804 538	-	829 421	46 198 511	-	-	-	-	46 198 511
Jamaica	-	-	-	-	-	2 234 697	-	-	98 449	2 333 146
Japan	65 999 535	308 863 447	2 016 667	4 298 432	381 178 082	-	-	-	147 703	381 325 785
Jordan	-	5 737 138	-	-	5 737 138	398 484	-	-	-	6 135 623
Kazakhstan	-	4 189 077	-	678 120	4 867 197	-	-	1 300 000	353 018	6 520 215
Kenya	-	-	-	-	-	284 962	-	-	-	284 962
Kiribati	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kosovo*	-	997 720	-	-	997 720	-	-	-	-	997 720
Kuwait	570 000	6 386 685	-	-	6 956 685	-	1 960 784	-	309 974	9 227 443
Kyrgyzstan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	201 122	201 122
Lao People's Democratic Republic	-	-	-	-	-	65 371	-	-	186 136	251 507
Latvia	-	2 148 265	-	-	2 148 265	-	-	-	-	2 148 265
Lebanon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lesotho	-	-	-	-	-	116 927	-	-	218 987	335 914
Liberia	-	400 000	-	-	400 000	-	-	-	-	400 000

Member State	Regular Resources	Cost-sharing	Trust funds	Reimbursable support services & misc. activities	Subtotal	Government contributions to local office costs <sup>a/</sup>	NCC Contributions	Upper MIC Contributions	In-kind Contributions	Total
Libya	-	6 082 124	-	-	6 082 124	-	-	-	-	6 082 124
Liechtenstein	56 627	-	-	-	56 627	-	-	-	-	56 627
Lithuania	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Luxembourg	3 372 764	1 825 447	2 993 800	181 205	8 373 216	-	-	-	-	8 373 216
Madagascar	-	-	-	-	-	87 074	-	-	-	87 074
Malawi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73 412	73 412
Malaysia	-	2 000 000	-	-	2 000 000	-	-	364 494	891 997	3 256 491
Maldives	-	621 265	-	-	621 265	277 167	-	-	-	898 432
Mali	-	-	-	-	-	484 384	-	-	30 501	514 885
Malta	-	43 150	42 689	-	85 839	-	-	-	-	85 839
Marshall Islands	-	1 247 432	-	-	1 247 432	30 593	-	-	-	1 278 025
Mauritania	-	10 028 970	-	-	10 028 970	567 412	-	-	-	10 596 382
Mauritius	-	4 054 742	1 000	(12 180)	4 043 562	-	-	906 225	-	4 949 787
Mexico	-	12 537 481	-	-	12 537 481	-	-	2 032 200	-	14 569 681
Micronesia (Federated States of)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monaco	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mongolia	-	55 805	-	-	55 805	52 315	-	-	80 915	189 035
Montenegro	-	3 890 489	-	-	3 890 489	-	-	422 590	172 228	4 485 306
Montserrat <sup>b/</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	24 844	-	-	-	24 844
Morocco	-	17 562 210	-	-	17 562 210	223 039	-	-	-	17 785 249
Mozambique	-	1 746 068	-	-	1 746 068	-	-	-	165 075	1 911 143
Myanmar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	113 327	113 327
Namibia	-	213 174	-	-	213 174	230 393	-	180 339	269 488	893 395
Nauru	-	-	-	-	-	29 720	-	-	-	29 720
Nepal	-	1 686 016	-	-	1 686 016	170 425	-	-	-	1 856 441
Netherlands	32 945 771	67 301 862	7 713 685	511 707	108 473 024	-	-	-	-	108 473 024
New Zealand	5 194 805	8 780 241	-	-	13 975 046	-	-	-	-	13 975 046
Niger	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	345 582	345 582
Nigeria	( 8 714)	1 107 675	-	(100 010)	998 950	6 739 560	-	-	1 367 872	9 106 382
Niue	-	-	-	-	-	26 608	-	-	-	26 608
Norway	40 304 827	54 143 356	4 982 656	573 035	100 003 875	-	-	-	-	100 003 875
Pakistan	-	12 701 713	-	-	12 701 713	136 033	-	-	-	12 837 746

Member State	Regular Resources	Cost-sharing	Trust funds	Reimbursable support services & misc. activities	Subtotal	Government contributions to local office costs <sup>a/</sup>	NCC Contributions	Upper MIC Contributions	In-kind Contributions	Total
Palestine (State of)	-	1 453 028	-	-	1 453 028	-	-	-	-	1 453 028
Panama	-	47 823 052	-	-	47 823 052	-	500 000	-	13 975	48 337 028
Papua New Guinea	-	615 634	-	-	615 634	-	-	-	-	615 634
Paraguay	-	17 786 359	-	11 995	17 798 354	-	-	-	-	17 798 354
Peru	-	9 395 956	20 253	-	9 416 208	613 098	-	-	-	10 029 306
Philippines <sup>2</sup>	10 000	2 938 377	10 000	-	2 958 377	759 260	-	-	-	3 717 638
Poland	-	1 854 998	-	-	1 854 998	-	-	-	-	1 854 998
Portugal	50 000	216 157	5 394	326 829	598 380	-	-	-	-	598 380
Qatar	-	4 500 000	-	-	4 500 000	-	-	-	-	4 500 000
Republic of Korea	10 713 178	35 511 464	6 592 501	4 482 063	57 299 205	-	-	-	43 830	57 343 035
Republic of Moldova	-	1 243 426	-	-	1 243 426	266 382	-	-	94 303	1 604 111
Republic of North Macedonia	-	4 393 243	-	-	4 393 243	-	-	-	-	4 393 243
Romania	-	767 544	-	-	767 544	-	-	-	-	767 544
Russian Federation	-	1 552 961	2 200 000	1 000 000	4 752 961	-	-	-	-	4 752 961
Rwanda	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	107 296	107 296
Saint Kitts and Nevis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Saint Lucia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Samoa	6 000	-	1 030	-	7 030	140 314	-	-	54 670	202 014
Sao Tome and Principe	-	2 195 889	-	-	2 195 889	-	-	-	-	2 195 889
Saudi Arabia	2 000 000	41 522 697	-	1 029 414	44 552 111	-	2 400 000	-	204 519	47 156 630
Senegal	-	1 480 818	-	-	1 480 818	310 691	-	-	56 165	1 847 674
Serbia	-	23 515 260	-	100 014	23 615 274	157 475	-	-	399 046	24 171 795
Seychelles	-	-	-	-	-	-	205 000	-	-	205 000
Sierra Leone	-	-	-	9 879	9 879	-	-	-	-	9 879
Singapore	300 000	976 589	-	-	1 276 589	-	-	-	135 033	1 411 621
Slovak Republic	53 648	800 000	-	-	853 648	-	-	-	-	853 648
Solomon Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Africa	-	824 266	1 000 000	-	1 824 266	911 145	-	-	161 372	2 896 782
South Sudan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Spain	2 975 509	13 558 211	-	2 021 119	18 554 839	-	-	-	-	18 554 839
Sri Lanka	-	-	-	-	-	147 183	-	-	72 748	219 931
The Republic of the Sudan	-	5 622 937	-	-	5 622 937	-	-	-	89 742	5 712 679

Member State	Regular Resources	Cost-sharing	Trust funds	Reimbursable support services & misc. activities	Subtotal	Government contributions to local office costs <sup>a/</sup>	NCC Contributions	Upper MIC Contributions	In-kind Contributions	Total
Suriname	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26 444	26 444
Sweden	39 914 951	84 983 460	31 250 268	3 797 531	159 946 210	-	-	-	-	159 946 210
Switzerland	53 911 378	32 221 854	797 267	2 781 616	89 712 116	-	-	-	-	89 712 116
Syrian Arab Republic	-	-	-	-	-	1 692	-	-	-	1 692
Tajikistan	-	400 000	-	-	400 000	113 227	-	-	290 067	803 294
Thailand	865 112	311 204	-	1464	1 177 779	442 530	-	-	-	1 620 309
Timor-Leste	-	2 574 000	-	-	2 574 000	137 121	-	-	263 899	2 975 020
Togo	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	174 580	174 580
Tokelau	-	-	-	-	-	30 977	-	-	-	30 977
Tonga	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trinidad and Tobago	-	4 500 000	2 000	-	4 502 000	-	1 260 289	-	-	5 762 289
Tunisia	-	228 324	-	-	228 324	231 253	-	-	-	459 577
Türkiye	1 200 000	20 905 862	20 000	10 000	22 135 862	-	-	646 000	-	22 781 862
Turkmenistan	-	43 367 517	-	-	43 367 517	-	-	-	229 713	43 597 230
Uganda	-	-	-	-	-	450 940	-	-	-	450 940
Ukraine	-	-	-	-	-	1 926 123	-	-	221 254	2 147 377
United Arab Emirates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United Kingdom <sup>3</sup>	27 208 892	56 929 836	3 822 376	-	87 961 104	-	-	-	-	87 961 104
United Republic of Tanzania	-	-	-	371 250	371 250	-	-	-	382 145	753 395
United States	80 985 880	122 096 142	( 69 102)	11 867 073	214 879 993	-	-	-	-	214 879 993
Uruguay	-	26 192 882	-	-	26 192 882	-	704 373	-	-	26 897 255
Uzbekistan	-	4 726 864	-	-	4 726 864	-	-	-	637 819	5 364 683
Vanuatu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Venezuela, Bolivarian Republic of	-	251 611	-	-	251 611	-	-	-	-	251 611
Viet Nam	-	-	-	-	-	259 534	-	-	-	259 534
Zambia	-	11 126 607	-	-	11 126 607	-	-	-	-	11 126 607
Zimbabwe	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>565 793 163</b>	<b>2 407 290 979</b>	<b>142 229 141</b>	<b>52 097 273</b>	<b>3 167 410 556</b>	<b>35 270 284</b>	<b>9 475 950</b>	<b>9 862 957</b>	<b>16 797 399</b>	<b>3 238 817 147</b>

\*Kosovo is hereinafter referred to in the context of the UN Security Council resolution 1244(1999)

<sup>a/</sup> Amounts not considering accounting linkage and transfer.

<sup>b/</sup> Montserrat is a programme country managed under Barbados office

Non-government partner groups	Regular	Other	Total
European Union	\$	301.217.771	
Financial Institutions <sup>/4</sup>	\$	95.793.481	
Other Multilaterals	\$	6.129.943	
Private companies	\$	50.175.570	
Foundations	\$	28.387.937	
NGOs	\$	7.552.502	
Academic, training & research institutions	\$	520.953	
UN Agencies	\$	82.405.810	
UN pooled Funds	\$	224.313.480	
Vertical Funds	\$	1.025.504.957	
Total Non-government partner group	<b>\$</b>	<b>1.822.002.404</b>	
<b>2023 Contributions Total*</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>566M</b>	<b>\$ 4,422M</b>
			<b>\$ 4,988M</b>

- Regular resources, includes \$70,000 core intended for 2022 but received in 2023
- Regular resources, includes \$5,000 core intended for 2022 but received in 2023
- Regular resources, includes - GBP 11m core intended for 2022 but received in 2023
- Reflects direct grants received by UNDP; excludes loans extended to programme country governments and received by UNDP as government financing and grants received from the German Development Bank, KfW, which are reported under Germany

\*Amount rounded to the nearest million



**United Nations Development Programme**

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